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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Taj
TONIGHT & TOMORROW
CABARET DINNER DANCE
Sun. 6th
Cabaret Cocktail Dance.

Green's
This Evening,
TOMORROW & SUN.
COCKTAIL & CABARET DINNER DANCE

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

THREE I. N. A. OFFICERS RELEASED

Sentences Remitted By C.-In-C.

Findings In Confirmity With Evidence

But "Prevailing Circumstances" Taken Into Account To Suit Govt's Policy

NEW DELHI, Jan. 3. (A.P.I.): H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has remitted the sentence of transportation passed by the Court Martial against the three I.N.A. men, Capt. Shah Nawaz Khan, Capt. Sehgal and Lt. Dhillon on charges of waging war.

ARREARS FORFEITED

The Commander-in-Chief has confirmed the sentence of casheering and forfeiture of arrears of pay and allowances since "it is, in all circumstances, a most serious crime for an officer or soldier to throw off his allegiance and wage war against the State."

Following the remission of their sentence of transportation Mr. Shah Nawaz, Mr. Sehgal and Mr. Dhillon were released this evening and they drove to a friend's house in Old Delhi.

FULL TEXT OF 'COMMUNIQUE'

Following is the full text of the 'communique':—

"Capt. Shah Nawaz Khan, Capt. Sehgal and Lt. Dhillon have stood their trial by Court Martial on charges against all three of waging war against the King Emperor. Lt. Dhillon being also charged with murder and the other two with abetment of murder.

The findings of the Court are that all three are guilty of the charge of waging war, while Capt. Shah Nawaz Khan is also convicted of the charge of abetment of murder, Lt. Dhillon is acquitted of the charge of murder and Capt. Sehgal of the charge of abetment of murder.

"Having found the accused guilty of the charge of waging war, the Court was bound to sentence the accused either to death or to transportation for life; no lesser sentence was permissible under the law.

The sentence of the Court on all three accused is transportation for life, casheering and forfeiture of arrears of pay and allowances.

COURT'S FINDINGS CONFIRMED

"No finding or sentence by Court Martial is complete until confirmed. The Confirming Officer, in this case the Commander-in-Chief, is satisfied that the findings of the Court are in each instance in conformity with the evidence, and he has, therefore confirmed them.

"The Confirming Officer is, however, competent to mitigate, commute or remit the sentences. As already stated in the Press, it is the policy of the Government of India to bring to trial in future only such persons as are alleged, in addition to waging war against the State, to have committed acts of gross brutality; and it has been announced that in reviewing sentences in any trials the competent authority will have regard to the extent to which the acts proved offend against the canons of civilised behaviour.

Lt. Dhillon and Capt. Sehgal have been acquitted of the charges of murder, and abetment of murder and it has not been alleged that they were guilty of other acts of brutality. Although Capt. Shah Nawaz Khan has been found guilty of abetment of murder and the acts proved against him were harsh, the prevailing circumstances have been taken into account by the Confirming Officer.

LIFE SENTENCE REMITTED

"The Commander-in-Chief has decided, therefore, to treat all three accused in the same way, in the matter of sentence, and to remit the sentences of transportation for life against all three accused.

"He has, however, confirmed the sentences of casheering and forfeiture of arrears of pay and allowances, since it is in all circumstances a most serious crime for an officer or soldier to throw off his allegiance and wage war against the State.

This is a principle which it is essential to uphold in the interests of

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 3.)

BHULABHAI DESAI CONGRATULATED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Immediately on receipt of information that the sentence of transportation against the I.N.A. officers had been remitted, Mr. Nagindas T. Master, President of the B.P.C.C., Mr S. K. Patil, Secretary and Mr. P. R. Lele, who were at Congress House at the time rushed to Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai's residence at Warden Road this evening and congratulated Mr Desai on his able defence of the I.N.A. officers at the Court Martial.

"CELEBRATE I.N.A. TRIUMPH BY ILLUMINATING DELHI"

Congress Secretary's Call To Citizens: Greetings And Garlands For Released "Officers"

NEW DELHI, Jan. 3. (A.P.I.): A guard of honour will be presented by the Hindustani Seva Dal at the reception to the three released I. N. A. Officers to-morrow.

The Secretary of the Delhi P. C. C. has issued an appeal to the Delhi citizens to celebrate the occasion by illuminating the city.

GREETINGS AND GARLANDS

News of the release was still not generally known as the three men drove to Mr. Asaf Ali's house to convey their thanks to him personally. Soon afterwards, however, crowds gathered in the narrow valley of Kucha Chelan in which the house stood, and for the next hour or two the I. N. A. men were caught in a wave of popular enthusiasm. As they came out of the house the crowd cheered them with cries of "Jai Hind" and "Inquilab Zindabad", garlanded them, forced them to get on top of their car and pressed them to speak. They contented themselves, however, with saying how thrilled they were by the impromptu reception and added they might have a good deal to say at the formal reception arranged for to-morrow afternoon.

Returning to Mr. Raghunandan Saran's house they were loaded with more garlands, eagerly shaken by the hand, embraced, rung up on the long distance telephone.

VICTORY FOR INDIA

"Our release is a victory for the country," they said in a chat later with a Press correspondent. "We gave the pledge to Netaji that our lives were dedicated to the cause of India's freedom. That pledge still stands. We fought for one cause—the establishment of a united and great India—and we shall continue to fight for it.

"Words cannot express our feeling of gratitude to our leaders and our countrymen, particularly to Pandit Nehru, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Bakshi Sir Tek Chand, Mr. Asaf Ali and others, who worked day and night for our defence.

"We fought for a righteous cause. We did what we considered right—cause of India's freedom. It did not matter to us who won the war. We were fighting for the freedom of our country and we continued to do so, even when it was quite obvious that the Axis would lose the war.

"Now that we are at liberty, we shall report ourselves to Pandit Nehru and Maulana Azad, our mission will be to further Hindu-Muslim unity. JAI HIND."

Their future plans have yet to be decided in detail. Immediately their intention is to visit their homes. They are planning to leave to-morrow night for Lahore. From their homes, they expect to come back to Delhi. A proposal has been put forward to make Shah Nawaz the G.O.C. of the volunteers during the Congress Session in Delhi in April.

ASAF ALI'S TRIBUTES

"It is a matter for congratulation for all parties concerned that Shah Nawaz, Sahgal and Dhillon are free men to-day," says Mr. Asaf Ali in a statement.

He adds: "The Commander-in-Chief has shown an imagination the want of which in some quarters has been responsible for much that was avoidable. I earnestly hope that this will be the prelude to the last act of the I.N.A. trial. Though Shah Nawaz, Sahgal and Dhillon are no longer officers of the Indian Army, they have the whole of their life before them to serve their country and the cause of India's freedom for which they risked their lives. They had fought outside India for the country's freedom under the Tri-colour National Flag which stands inside India for the peaceful attainment of Independence, and I may add, for communal harmony. I sincerely trust that hence forward they and their comrades will become ambassadors of the unity of India."

The Delhi Provincial Congress Committee will give a reception to Mr. Shah Nawaz, Mr. Sahgal and Mr. Dhillon at 4 p.m. to-morrow on Gandhi Grounds.

JUBILATION IN LAHORE

LAHORE, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—The news of the remission of sentence of transportation of life of the I.N.A. Officers Captain Shah Nawaz Khan, Capt. Sehgal and Lt. Dhillon which, rapidly spread in Lahore, caused a wave of jubilation all over the city.

Commenting on the remission, Lala Bhim Sen Sachar, former leader of the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly, said: "The response of the Commander-in-Chief to public opinion will be very widely appreciated. The news is bound to send a thrill of joy and satisfaction throughout the country.

BURHANUDDIN'S PETITION

Lahore High Court Decision On Jan. 7

LAHORE, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—The Court Martial will not proceed with the trial of Capt. Burhanuddin of the Indian National Army (younger brother of the Mehtar of Chitral) until the High Court has given its decision on the question of the stay of proceedings.

An assurance to this effect was given by Sir N. P. Engineer, Advocate-General of India at the resumed hearing of the petition of Capt. Burhanuddin before Mr. Justice Mohammad Munir of the Lahore High Court today.

After the Advocate General had concluded his arguments, His Lordship announced that he would give his decision on the question of the stay of proceedings on Monday, Jan. 7.

His Lordship further indicated that as the 'habeas corpus' petition of Capt. Burhanuddin's questioning the jurisdiction of the Court Martial involved an important point of law it would not be heard by him alone but by a division or a full bench on Jan. 14.

It will be remembered that the hearing of the case against Capt. Burhanuddin had been fixed for to-morrow, Jan. 4 before the Court Martial in Delhi.

ARGUMENTS

Sir Nowsherwan, in his concluding arguments emphasised that Section 561 Cr. P. C. did not give any additional jurisdiction to the High Court but it only deemed to prohibit or prevent the powers of the High Court from being limited.

Sir Tekchand, Counsel for the Petitioner in his reply submitted that the rulings quoted by Sir Nosherwan in support of his contention had no bearing on the present case. He pointed out that Sir Nosherwan had conceded that the High Court had the jurisdiction to entertain the 'habeas corpus' petition. When the Court had jurisdiction to entertain the petition, said Sir Tekchand, it certainly had the jurisdiction to pass an incidental order for the stay of proceedings.

His Lordship reserved judgment till Monday, Jan. 7.

36 I. N. A. MEN DISCHARGED

POONA, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.) Thirty-six I.N.A. men were discharged today from a camp in Kirkee, near Poona. 14 of them are Sikhs and the rest are from Maharashtra.

Requisitioned Lands Must Be Restored

Congressmen Demand Declaration Of Famine In Affected Areas

POONA, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—Leading Congressmen in Poona declare that famine conditions in many parts of Maharashtra are such as call for a supreme effort on the part of the Government and people to tackle them. During the last two weeks, several peasant conferences have been held in Maharashtra, under instructions of the Provincial Congress Committee in connection with famine conditions and the President of the Organisation and other Congress workers have been studying and surveying the situation.

Resolutions demanding the restoration of lands requisitioned for military purposes and requesting Government to declare famine in the affected parts were passed at many of these conferences.

CHOU EN-LAI CALLS ON MARSHALL

CHUNGKING, Jan. 3, (Reuter): General Chou En-Lai, chief Communist representative in Chungking, tonight called on General George Marshall, United States special envoy to China, who has been named by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek as "China's Peace-maker."

MAHATMA BACK AT CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)

Mahatma Gandhi and party returned to Calcutta by a special launch about an hour passed midnight tonight.

Gandhiji Mahatma, Manu on board the launch, which anchored at Princep Ghat, till about 4-30 a.m when he will proceed to Sodepur by car.

Besides members of Gandhiji's party, his Sodepur host Mr. Satish Chandra Das Gupta and Mr. and Mrs. Sudhir Ghosh returned with Gandhiji tonight.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu Indisposed

HYDERABAD (Sind), Jan. 3 (API): A batch of 80 delegates to the All-India Women's Conference left yesterday, and another batch of 14 headed by Mrs. Hansa Mehta left to-day, for Dokri to visit Mohanjodaro.

The departure of two prominent women delegates, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Lady Rama Rau has been delayed due to their illness. Mrs. Naidu though progressing has postponed her Punjab visit. Mrs. Rameshwari Nehru who, along with Miss Jethi Sipahimalani had proceeded to Badin for election propaganda had an unhappy experience. While returning, their car failed and they were stranded near the village of Maili. They spent the night in the car in severe cold.

Jawahar To Preside Over Science Congress

BANGALORE, Jan. 3 (U.P.I.) The next session of the Indian Science Congress is to be held at Patna. The United Press of India understands that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is likely to be elected to preside over it.

FAKIR OF IPI'S AGENT ARRESTED

PESHAWAR, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—Gazi Mohd. Saeed, Chief Agent of the Faqir of Ipi who was wanted by the police, is reported to have been arrested by the Bannu police. Some documents bearing the signatures of the Faqir of Ipi were also recovered from him.

It is stated that he was collecting funds and propagating the creed of the Faqir in Afghanistan tribal territory and N.W.F. Province.

RECOGNITION BY BACK DOOR

New Status Of Baltic Countries

LONDON, Jan. 3. (Reuter): Reuter's diplomatic correspondent writes: Official definition of the present frontiers of the Latvian, Lithuanian and Estonian Soviet Socialist Republics in the Russian decree fixing constituencies in the forthcoming elections has again brought to the fore the question of recognition of the new status of the Baltic countries by Britain and the United States.

So far there has been no change in the British official attitude which in law does not recognise the incorporation of these territories into the Soviet Union.

On the other hand, both Britain and the United States have accepted the accomplished fact by allowing the description of the Baltic States as Soviet Socialist Republics in the indictment of the Nuremberg trial which is a Four Power document.

RECOGNITION OF RUMANIA

BUCHAREST, Jan. 3. (Reuter): Members of the Tri-partite Commission set up in Moscow to pave the way for recognition of the Rumanian Government—the British and the United States Ambassadors to Moscow and the Deputy Foreign Commissar Vishinsky—met the Rumanian Premier Groza and the members of his Government and had lunch with King Michael.

"AL BALAGH" EDITOR JAILED

Paper Suspended For One Month

CAIRO, Jan. 3 (Reuter): The Publisher and Editor of "Al Balagh", principal organ of the Wafd Party, have been sentenced to six months' imprisonment without hard labour by the Cairo Assize Court on a charge of "Lese Majeste."

In addition, the paper is to be suspended for one month.

The Publisher is Mohamed Abdul Kader Hamza, and the editor, Ismail Mula—both of them prominent figures in the Egyptian Press.

The trial was held 'in camera'. Though details of the offence have not been officially disclosed, it is believed that the charge was based on an article criticising the promotion to the rank of Ambassador of Abdel Fattah Amir Pasha, Egypt's envoy to Britain.

SOVIET NOT IN PICTURE!

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3 (Reuter):—Thirty-five nations have joined the Bretonwoods' agreement as original members by the deadline on December 31.

The Soviet Union is the only Major Power which failed to take its place as original member.

Four Japs To Hang

LABAUN (Borneo), Jan. 3 (Reuter): The Allied Court here to-day sentenced four Japanese to death for the murder of Australian and British prisoners at Kuching (Sarawak) where 500, out of a total of 1250 Allied other ranks and five Australian officers, met lingering deaths due to bestial treatment, starvation and lack of medical supplies.

Two Congress Muslims To Contest For U. P. Assembly

LUCKNOW Jan 3 (A.P.I.)

Mr. Mohammad Habibur Rahman, Secretary of the Unao District Congress Committee, and Mr. Bashir Ahmad have been selected by the U. P. Congress Election Board to contest the Lucknow-Unao districts and Sitapur District Rural Constituencies respectively to the U. P. Legislative Assembly in the forthcoming elections, it is learnt.

INDIA'S TEST OF FREEDOM

Sorensen On True Basis Of Indo-British Co-operation

Special To The "Bombay Chronicle"

In a special article written on the eve of his departure to India, Mr. Reginald Sorensen, M.P., member of the Parliamentary Delegation, says: "I go to India, not with the assumption that it is my task to offer specious advice but to understand more vividly what Indians feel and think, and, perchance, to convey back an impression of their needs and intentions".

"The form of India's future constitution, "he adds, "may be different from all our speculations and proposals. It is bound to possess a mechanism appropriate to India's uniqueness".

Mr. Sorensen, who has been a champion of India's cause in and outside Parliament for years, further says: "I want India for our own sake as well as her own, to liberate her people and thus give encouragement and confidence to all the struggling peoples of this stricken earth."

By Reginald W. Sorensen, M.P.

The "Herrenvolk" theory of a Master Race has its roots in human nature. Obviously, racial and national diversity, however formulated or conditioned, is as real as the fact that some are born to be short and some tall, some have Roman noses and some retrousse, some have pallid skins and others swarthy. Which of these represents the normal human characteristics, it is useless to argue. Nevertheless, there is a tendency to assume that those characteristics we ourselves possess are admirable, while those we do not, are a misfortune!

This is but one of the roots. Another is the conviction that those who can impose their will on others, or are convinced that they possess singular qualities which must be injected into "lesser breeds without law", have a natural and moral necessity to do this.

An attempt to eradicate these and other roots involves far more than an emotional repudiation.

Even those who criticise are frequently guilty of inconsistency and, in any case, apparent justification of a hierarchy on racial and national merits is extremely seductive.

History reveals human nature in its social and political aspect, and the habitual behaviour of man would seem to vindicate the fact of master and servile peoples.

But one must judge man not by what he has been but what he can become. All ethical criteria and spiritual values arise from an expanding sense of ultimate

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 1.)

HAW-HAW HANGED

LONDON, Jan. 3. (Reuter): William Joyce (Lord Haw Haw), British traitor who broadcast from Germany during the war, was hanged at 9 a.m. G.M.T. to-day at Wandsworth Prison, London.

More than 50 people waited on the frosty pavements outside the prison to see the notice of execution posted up on the prison gates.

Extra police were on duty as a precaution against any possible incriminate demonstration, or opposition here.

STOP PRESS

POLITICAL TURMOIL IN ANOTHER IRANIAN PROVINCE

MOSCOW, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—A Tass despatch from Teheran today said that political turmoil had broken out in the central Iranian province of Yezd.

CHINESE COMMUNISTS ACCEPT MEDIATOR.

CHUNGKING, Jan. 3 (A.P.A.)—Chinese Communists have accepted Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's offer to call in General George C. Marshall, the American Special Ambassador to China, as mediator in China's civil war.

Communist authorities announced that they agreed in general with Chiang's plan to halt hostilities, but that they were laying down specific conditions.

ASSAM'S CAPITAL FORMS "SUBHAS" AND "RANI OF JHANSI" BRIGADES

Both Volunteer Corps Pledge To Work For Unity Under Congress

SHILLONG, Jan. 3. (A.P.I.): The latest development on Shillong's political firmament is the formation of two permanent volunteer corps..."Subhas Brigade" and "Rani of Jhansi Brigade". While the first is mainly composed of local youngmen the second consists of girl students only.

These brigades are pledged to observe the ideals of the Indian National Congress and are bound together by a common desire to serve the people irrespective of religion, caste or community. Before enrolment every volunteer is to sign a pledge in the name of the Indian National Congress and after enrolment he or she is under compulsion to observe full discipline of the corps, maintain complete faithfulness, punctuality and active habits. Weekly and fortnightly parades have been arranged for the volunteers of the "Subhas Brigade" and "Rani of Jhansi Brigade".

The volunteers are taking active part in the campaign for the forthcoming Assembly elections on behalf of the Congress candidates.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (March)

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.

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Today's Opening	....	24.61
Difference	....	nil.
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Difference	.. ..	—01

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DOUG'S BI-MONTHLY OCCUPATION REPORT

JAPAN TO BE RADICALLY REORGONISED

Fundamental Reform To Be Included In Constitution

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2. (Reuter): Radical reorganisation and liberalisation of the Japanese Constitution—which under the Moscow Agreement will be carried out by 11 nations of the Far Eastern Commission—is foreshadowed by Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Allied Commander-in-Chief in the Far East, in a report on the administration during the first two months of occupation released by the United States War Department. tonight.

"The reforms envisaged are so fundamental in character that they cannot be effected by statutory legislation alone, but necessitate inclusion in a Constitution in order to assure permanency", the Supreme Commander declared.

Discussing the democratisation process, Gen. MacArthur reported: "There is evidence that because of their many years of party limitations, the meanings of democracy and the dignity of the individual are quite vague to most Japanese."

LABOUR FEDERATION IN OFFING

"At present there are more than 20 political and quasi-political parties. Party lines are blurred, and many parties will merge or disappear, but in general they fall into four main groups—(1) Extreme Right Wing, (2) Conservative, (3) Socialist and (4) Communist."

Reporting removal of legal obstacles to labour solidarity Gen. MacArthur said: "The principal Labour leaders have agreed to join forces and a single Labour Federation is being created."

Gen. MacArthur claimed that Japanese radio, cinema and theatrical organisations had taken advantage of the new opportunities for unlimited self-expression, but added: "Newspapers have not shown the same initiative."

GENERAL TRADE POLICY

In an outline of general trade policy, Gen. MacArthur declared that exports were limited to those goods not necessary to meet minimum domestic requirements—chiefly silk—and that imports could only be paid for by profits from exports.

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Indian Scientists And Atomic Energy

BANGALORE, Jan. 2 (A.P.I.): The National Institute of Sciences, at their meeting today, appointed a committee of scientists including Prof. Saha and Doctor H. J. Babha to report on the question of development of atomic energy in India.

Stark Denies Knowledge

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3. (A. P. A.): The late President Roosevelt decided in 1940 to keep the U. S. Pacific Fleet based at Pearl Harbour, instead of moving it nearer the American west coast, Admiral Harold R. Stark told Congressional investigators. Stark said he agreed that the Fleet should have been based in Hawaiian waters.

Stark testified that he considered the Fleet was ready for war when the Japanese attacked Pearl Harbour. He added, however, that he did not consider it was ready for a large-scale advance into the Western Pacific.

He said that an intercepted Japanese message containing a pre-war warning on the possibility of an attack on Pearl Harbour was not called to his attention at that time, so far as he remembered.

Andhra Editor's Plea To A. I. N. E. Chief

MADRAS, Jan. 2, (A. P. I.): The Executive Committee of the Andhra Provincial Newspaper Editors' Association has authorised the Secretary of the Association to meet the President and Standing Committee of All India Newspaper Editors Conference at their session at Allahabad in February next and plead for representation of the association of the Standing Committee.

A.-I. HINDI JOURNALISTS' CONFERENCE OFFICE-BEARERS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 2 (A.P.I.)—The following constitute the office-bearers of the All-India Hindi Journalists' Conference:

Mr. Benarasi Das Chaturvedi, President; Mr. Harishanker Vidyarthi (Pratap) and Mr. Ramshanker Tripathi (Lokmanya) Vice-Presidents; Mr. Ramgopal Vidyalankar (Vir Arjun) General Secretary.

Bormann Mystery Solved

Hitler's Former Deputy Killed Whilst Riding Behind Tank

FRANKFURT, Jan. 2 (Reuter): Martin Bormann, Hitler's former Deputy who has been the object of the greatest 'Manhunt' undertaken by the Allies is dead, cables Lyford Moore, Reuter's special correspondent.

Martin Bormann whose whereabouts or fate were unknown until today despite intensive search during the vast eight months, was riding directly behind a tank when it was caught by Russian fire and flying steel from the tank took his head off.

Throughout the last days in the Bunker Bormann had been taking down every word uttered by the parties to the suicide pact. The document was to be conveyed out of the Bunker in some mysterious manner and to "take its place among the greatest chapters of German history."

It is not known how many others escaped fate similar to Bormann's as they left the Bunker amid Russian shellfire. Some of them are known to be now in custody.

One of these is Hitler's chauffeur, Erick Kempka.

It must have been just after Hitler's death that Bormann decided for life instead of death and glory, and others readily fell in with the escape plan.

That Bormann was a member of the suicide party in the Bunker was first disclosed recently by Hannah Reitsch, woman aviator who flew the last plane out of Berlin and after her departure the story is taken up by Kempka.

The closing of the Bormann investigation is expected within ten days and will finish the tremendous task of tracking down all details of the end of the rulers of Germany under the Swastika.

Hitler's Body Not Discovered?

BERLIN, Jan. 3. (U.P.A.): United Press of America correspondent Charles Arnot reported today that British Intelligence officers said that the Paris "Soir" story that Hitler's body had been discovered and identified by the Russians in an armored garden shelter near the Berlin Chancellery was untrue.

Both Soviet and American sources refused to comment on the story.

THIRD COPY OF HITLER'S TESTAMENT DISCOVERED

NUREMBURG, Jan. 3. (U.P.A.): British Public Relations announced today that German Wehrmacht Major Willi Meier, when confronted with evidence that the other two messengers surrendered their copies of Hitler's testament, took Allied investigators into his garden, chopped the frozen ground with an axe and unearthed a glass jar containing the third and last copy of the testament.

Meier, as a Wehrmacht officer, was ordered to take the testament from General Burgobrf to Field Schorner, who was still resisting in Prague. He explained that as an officer of the Wehrmacht it was his military duty to deny the existence of the document when the investigators questioned him.

A covering letter with the document from Burgdorf stated that Hitler had written the testament under the "shattering blow of Himmler's treachery".

ELEANOR RATHBONE DEAD

WOMAN M.P. WHO SUPPORTED TORY POLICY TOWARDS INDIA

LONDON, Jan. 3 (Reuter): A NOTED MEMBER OF THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS, MISS ELEANOR RATHBONE, DIED IN LONDON LAST NIGHT AGED 73. ALWAYS TAKING A SPECIAL INTEREST IN INDIAN AFFAIRS SHE WAS THE AUTHOR OF A BOOK "CHILD MARRIAGE: THE INDIAN MINOTAUR."

The publication followed a visit she paid to India in 1932 to see the work of women's organisations there and learn how the act to prevent child marriage in India was working. She asked many questions in the British House of Commons on this Act.

During the Spanish Civil War she visited Madrid and was several times under shell fire. On her return to Britain she warmly advocated the Republican cause.

Daughter of the late William Rathbone M.P. (1868-1896) she was educated in a Kinsington school and Somerville College, Oxford. Leaving Oxford in 1896 she threw herself into the battle for women's suffrage, while engaging herself in various forms of social work at Liverpool. She made history when she gatecrashed the Liverpool City Council as its first woman member in 1909. In 1919 she succeeded Mrs. Faucett as President of the Suffragettes movement.

Since 1929 she had represented the Combined English Universities in the House of Commons. In 1938 the Oxford University conferred upon her a Doctorate of Civil Laws.

It will be recalled that the late Gurudeva Rabindranath Tagore's last statement before his death in August, 1941 was a strongly-worded reply to Miss Rathbone who pleaded the Tory case for India.

HITLER BEQUEATHED POSSESSIONS TO NAZI PARTY

NUREMBERG, Jan. 1, (USIS): Additional details of Adolf Hitler's final moments as leader of Nazi Germany were disclosed Sunday with the publication by the Allied military authorities of the complete texts of the Fuehrer's "political testament" and personal will.

Also made public were a document detailing "immediate conclusion" of Hitler's marriage to Eva Braun and an appendix to the "testament" in the form of a pledge from Joseph Goebbels to remain with Hitler until death. The bodies of Goebbels, his wife and children were found in the Reich Chancellery after Berlin's collapse.

The document shows that Hitler and Eva Braun were married by W. Miller Oberbuergermeister of Berlin, in a ceremony that waived all but the most essential of formalities. Both principals were said to have requested a "war marriage under exceptional circumstances."

It had been previously disclosed that Hitler in his last moments expelled both Reichsmarshal Hermann Goering and Gestapo Chief Heinrich Himmler from the Nazi party for "disloyalty to me" and for having brought "irreparable shame on the country and the whole nation by secretly negotiating with the enemy without my knowledge and against my will and also by illegally attempting to seize control of the state."

Himmler committed suicide shortly after his apprehension by British forces in Germany; Goering is one of the high-ranking Nazis now on trial before the Allied war crimes tribunal here.

The documents show that Hitler followed these expulsions with the appointment of a completely new cabinet in which Grand Admiral Karl Doenitz, another Nuremberg defendant, was to have served as president, minister of war and supreme commander of the navy. Goebbels was named Reichschancellor and Martin Bormann, on trial in absentia before the Nuremberg court, was to have served as party minister. Robert Ley also a Nuremberg defendant, was named "leader of the German labour front and member of the cabinet."

The so-called political testament was given over largely to the typical Nazi diatribe against "international Jewry" and denials that either Hitler or the German people desired war. The personal will which named Bormann as executor, bequeathed "my possessions in so far as they are worth anything, to the party or, if this no longer exists, to the State. If the state, too, is destroyed there is no need for further instructions on my part."

NO VEIL NEEDED ON ATOMIC SECRETS

Bangalore Science Council's Resolution

BANGALORE, Jan. 3, (A.P.I.): The Council of the National Institute of Sciences holding session in Bangalore adopted the following resolution on control and use of atomic energy:

"Fellows of National Institute record it as their considered opinion that any attempt to keep future atomic knowledge a secret will not only fail in view of the fact that basic atomic secrets have already been disclosed, but will lead immediately to a dangerous armaments race and ultimately to war. They are of opinion that the only security for humanity against destructive use of atomic weapons is to be found in the setting up of an international organisation which will promote free exchange of all basic knowledge between scientists of all nations, and contribute atomic energy to ensure its use only for peaceful ends.

"The national institute will give support to any international organisation of scientists which may be formed for the purpose of bringing to the attention of all peoples and Governments the necessity of placing atomic energy developments exclusively in the hands of such a world organisation".

STRIKE WAVE MAY HIT MALTA

VALETTA (Malta), Jan. 2 (Reuter): Officials here have authorised special ration arrangements to meet the possibility of closed shops on Saturday when the Malta General Workers Union threatens to strike.

Bread and milk rations will be doubled on Friday when meat will be issued instead of Saturday, it was announced here tonight.

The Union has threatened to strike for better wages and inquiry into the standard of living as well as drawing attention to the colonial office administration generally.

The Union leaders urged shops and firms to close and bus-owners to stop service.

Yesterday Lieutenant-General Sir Edmond Schreider, Governor of Malta, was booed by a crowd when he arrived at the football stadium for a match between the Royal Air Force and the local players in Valetta.

2,00,000 Chicago Packers Threaten Strike

CHICAGO, Jan. 3. (A.P.A.): A nation-wide strike of approximately 2,00,000 members of the Congress of Industrial Organisation's United Packing House-members of America has been called for January 16, Union President Lewis J. Clark announced yesterday.

"HINDUSTANI NAGAR" IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 3. (A.P.A.): "Hindustani Nagar" will be the name of a group of huts and hutments now being constructed for Mahatma Gandhi's stay here from January 23.

Gandhiji will commence a crowded programme from that day onwards. A thousand men and lady volunteers are to regulate public entrance into this place.

Four goats have been brought for his daily milk quota.

No British T. U. C. Mission For India

LONDON, Jan. 3. (Reuter): The statement by Mr. P. R. K. Sarma, one of the Indian delegates to the recent International Labour Conference at Paris that a deputation of leading members of the British Trades Union Congress would visit India in about two months time to study Labour conditions was today described as a "misapprehension" by a well-informed source.

The possibility of sending a delegation to India this year is, however, still being considered and the instruction from the 1944 Congress still holds good.

Field Publicity Conference In Patna

PATNA, Jan. 2 (A.P.I.): A conference of the Central Organisers and the Provincial and Divisional Organisers of the Field Publicity organisation in Bihar, United Provinces and Assam and the District Organisers in Bihar will be held here from January 28 to 31 in the Patna Secretariat to discuss the future policy and programme of field publicity.

Mr. W. Houlton adviser to H. E. the Governor of Bihar will inaugurate the Conference.

SYRIAN DELEGATION LEADER TO U. N. O.

DAMASCUS, Jan. 3. (A.P.A.): Faris Al Khoury chairman of the Council of Deputies, was today appointed chairman of the Syria delegation to the conference of the United Nations Organisation General Assembly in London.

UDAIPUR CONFERENCE CONDEMNS "SALE OF HUMAN BEINGS" IN STATES

DEMANDS ABOLITION OF JAGIRDARI SYSTEM AND URGES JAIL REFORMS

UDAIPUR, Jan. 2 (A.P.A.): An attack on the age-old practices in the princely States of India, including bargaining over the number of women servants to be included in a rich daughter's dowry, was launched today by the All-India States' Peoples' conference.

The attack was contained in a resolution adopted by the 400 delegates, who had come for their convention into the very heart of the princely realms they most severely accused. In all of the several resolutions bearing on the alleged abuses of civil liberties by the Princes, Rajputana States were included among the foremost.

First attacked was the Darogha system, an ancient practice under which household servants, principally girls, are included as part of the dowry of the minor rajas or their subordinates and landlords of jagirdars.

The delegates supporting the resolutions agreed that the abuses were found only in the smaller States and some of the larger Rajputana States and did not include Hyderabad, Mysore and Travancore. The resolution branded this type of transaction as "sale of human beings."

Besides the Darogha system, the resolutions attacked "excessive taxation and forcible levies (begar), the absence of proprietory rights and arbitrary and inhuman practices and excesses."

"Begar" is the system still prevailing in some States of exacting forced labour from the lower classes. The special levies, known generally as "lagbag", are imposed by the landlords or minor chiefs and rajas for particular purposes, such as to raise dowries, to support their elephants or automobiles. They often are known under their individual names as "motorana" (special taxes for the jagirdar's automobile) or "hathiana (special taxes for support of his elephants).

The resolution pointed a finger accusingly at another age-old system under which the small peasants often do not own their land even though the same family has cultivated it for generations. The land belongs to the jagirdar whose ancestors often obtained it for military aid given to the Maharaja in centuries past.

"These conditions are characteristic more particularly of the States of Rajputana, Central India, Orissa and the smaller States," the resolution said. "There being no separation of the Judiciary from the Executive in these States, these conditions become all the more intolerable."

The resolution condemned the whole system and urged the abolition of the jagirdari system, "which is responsible for them."

Another resolution condemned the conditions imposed upon political prisoners in jails in the States. It complained that there was no segregation of political prisoners from criminals, and that fetters and handcuffs were employed in the jails.

Aid To I. N. A. Men

UDAIPUR, Jan. 3. (A.P.I.): The State Peoples Conference adopted a resolution moved from the chair about I.N.A.

The resolution read: "In view of the fact that a large number of people in Indian States joined the Azad Hind Fouj, this conference is specially interested in the future of men and women who have set an example not only of courage, and sacrifice for Indian freedom but also of forging unity among the different groups and communities.

The Conference trusts that both the States Governments and the States people will help in every way in rehabilitating these trained disciplined people and in utilising them for work of national advantage".

Another resolution moved from the chair appreciated and welcomed the action of the Maharaja of Rewa in declaring his desire to establish full responsible Government in Rewa State immediately. "In view of this declaration," the resolution said, "Political Department of the Government of India which is at present in control of the State Government should take early steps to implement it. The people of States should concentrate on this major issue and not direct their energies on other and minor issues".

The conference also adopted a new constitution for the States Peoples Conference.

NEHRU ON PLIGHT OF STATES PEOPLES

Winding up the proceedings of the session, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that it was notable that over 435 delegates from the states spread all over India attended the conference. Several resolutions had been passed the key-note of which was demand for self-government. In one such resolution reference had been made to certain major states like Hyderabad, Travancore and Mysore. One could have mentioned scores of other states as well. Bigger states were mentioned specially because what happened there affected other states. It was a tragedy that bigger states had not gone ahead of British India. In fact, they were far behind the provinces though in certain matters as education, "Travancore and Mysore were in advance of British India.

Politically they were remarkably backward. In all these states there were certain representative assemblies which were in fact, governed in completely autocratic tradition. It struck him very odd that autocracy should persist in states which were educationally and industrially advanced. The fault for the existence of autocracy, however, lay with the people. Every one got the kind of Government they deserved whether in the states or British India. But the moment one felt that they deserved something better and had developed the strength enough to push out the Government, then autocracy would cease to exist.

Despite educational and industrial development of the southern states, politically people were at a low ebb. It did not redound to the credit of the people's movement. He knew the difficulties that faced the peoples movements in the states and the forces that were behind the states. Nevertheless, primarily it was the responsibility of the people of the states to find a solution and the solution lay in developing one's strength and not submitting to evil.

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STEAMER TO PORTUGAL

s.s. "COLONIAL" of Companhia Colonial de Navegacao is expected at Bombay about the end of January en-route to Lisbon via African Ports. Subject to accommodation being available, passengers and cargo to Lisbon and African Ports will be provisionally registered.

Intending passengers and shippers are requested to apply to:—

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
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Bombay, January 3, 1946. (6098)

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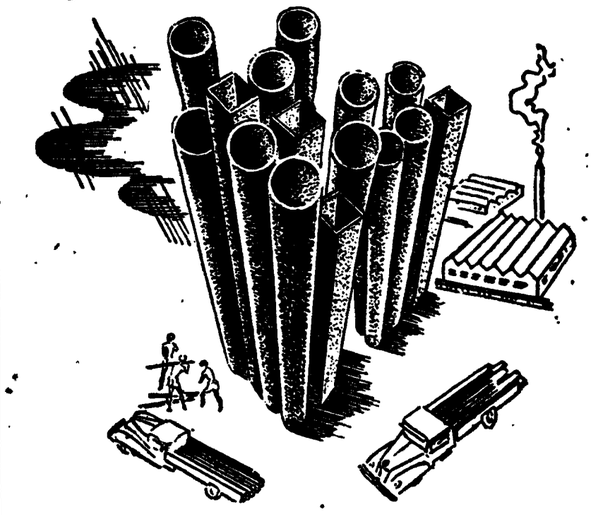

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3RD GREAT WEEK
Story of Love and Sacrifice

CHITRARUPA'S
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Producer: DEVKI BOSE
JAMUNA, AHIN.
4, 7, 10 p.m. Sun. Holiday 1 p.m.
TAJ TALKIES

SAT., Morning 9-30 A.M.
Performance No. 62
SUN., Morning 9-30 A.M.
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Still every show HOUSE FULL.
EASTERN Pictures'
ZEENAT
Directed by:
SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Starring: NUR JEHAN
7th WEEK at
SUPER
Daily: 4, 7, 10 P.M.
A 'SALMA' Release.

10TH TRIUMPHANT WEEK
MINERVA'S
Historical Hit
EK-DIN-KA-SULTAN
Directed by SOHRAB MODI
Starring: MEHTAB
Daily: 4, 7, 10
Sunday Matinee 1 p. m.
NEW WEST END

7TH WEEK
JAYANT DESAI'S
TADBIR
Starring: SAIGAL, SURAIYA
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.
KRISHNA

2nd WEEK!
SONJA HENIE
in her
TECHNICOLOR Triumph
IT'S A PLEASURE
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
NEW EMPIRE

3rd WEEK!
COLUMBIA'S
A THOUSAND AND ONE NIGHTS IN TECHNICOLOR!
with EVELYN KEYES, PHIL SILVERS, ADELE JERGENS and CORNEL WILDE
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

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TALWAR Productions'
ALBELI
Starring: RAMOLA, SATISH
ENCHANTING SONGS,
POPULAR STORY
Daily 4, 7, 10 Sun. Matinee at 1 P.M.
Advance Booking 10 to 12 and 4 to 6 P.M.
CENTRAL
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SUNDAY MORNING SHOW AT 10
'SILVER QUEEN"
GEORGE BRENT
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METRO
ESPLANADE ROAD, PHONE: 31045
DAILY AT: 3-30; 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
3RD JOYOUS WEEK!

VAN JOHNSON
Esther WILLIAMS
In Technicolor
THRILL OF A ROMANCE
with
FRANCES GIFFORD · HENRY TRAVERS · SPRING BYINGTON
And introducing
THE METROPOLITAN OPERA STAR
LAURITZ MELCHIOR
TOMMY DORSEY And His ORCHESTRA
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
SPENCER TRACY
KATHARINE HEPBURN
in M-G-M's Fiery Drama
"KEEPER OF THE FLAME"

INDIAN NATIONAL THEATRE
OF MIRABAI & BHOOKH FAME
Presents its FIRST SHOW IN AID OF GALLANT
INDIAN NATIONAL ARMY
A powerful & progressive Hindustani Drama
AWAZ
Dir: BALRAJ MEHTA
Starring: Pervees, Zubeda, Kusum, Anand etc.
Dates: 12, 13, 19 & 20. 9-30 A.M.
Rates: Rs. 10, 7/8, 5, 2/8, 1¼ As. 10
EXCELSIOR
Plans open at theatre 10 to 12, 4 to 6 and Fellowship School 6 to 8 Daily.

2nd Glorious week!
FIGHT FOR LOVE & LIBERTY!
JAGRITI'S Thrilling Musical Hit
SONG OF DESERT
Direction: BHAGWAN
Starring: Khurshid Jr., Vithal Bhagwan & Amarnath
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
Sunday at 1-30 p. m.
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PRAKASH PICTURES
Hamara SANSAR
With JEEVAN, RANJANA, UMAKANT, Rajkumari Shukla, Sushil Kumar & Suma Gupte
Direction SHANTI KUMAR
Daily at: 4, 6-45, 9-30
Mat: Sun. 1 P.M.
5TH WEEK
Reservations: 9-30 to 12-30 5-00 to 7-00
CAPITOL
EVERGREEN Release

A DEVOTIONAL, THAT IS DIFFERENT—
RANJIT'S
Prabhu Ka-Ghar
KHURSHID, TRILOKE KAPOOR,
SULOCHANA CHATTERJI, BIPIN GUPTA.
Director: VAJAHAT MIRZA.
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From SATURDAY, the 12th inst. at
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

OPENING TODAY at 4 p.m.
RANJIT'S
Musical Hit
CHAND CHAKORI
MUMTAZ SHANTI, SURENDRA,
Ashraf Khan, Keshri.
Director: KIDAR SHARMA
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4, 7 & 10: Sun. Matinee 1-15.
Ad. Booking: 10 to 11-30 & 4-30 to 6.
AJIT RELEASE.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Shud 1, 2002
Muslim: Mohurrum 29, 1365
Parsi: Amardad 3, 1315
Sunrise: 7-13 a.m. Sunset 6-15 p.m.
Hightide: 00.49, 12-23
Lowtide: 07-00, 18-23

To-day's Engagements

HINDUSTANI PRACHAR SABHA: The Hindustani Examination conducted by the Hindustani Prachar Sabha Bombay, will be held on January 27. The last date for receiving application forms Jan. 7. The forms are available at the office Adenwalla Mansion, Chaupatty Sea Face between 11-0 a.m. and 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) only.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "The Earth Chain" subject for study at 6-15 p.m. today at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

B.P.C.C. MEETING: An Urgent Meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held at 6 p.m. today at the Congress House.

RADICAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY: Public lecture at Cowasjee Jehangir Hall, at 6-30 p.m. today by Prof. G. D. Parikh, of Ruia College, on "Elections and After."

HEALTH DEPARTMENT PUBLICITY SECTION, BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY: Free exhibition of health education and cultural talkie films at Playground, Chinch Bunder, Dongri, at 6-30 p.m. today.

NETAJI'S PHOTO: The Commercial Art and Publicity Co., of Paichand's Lane, Mazadana, Colombo, has brought out a remarkable photograph of Babu Subhas Chandra Bose on a cabinet size glaze paper. The bust is surrounded by a broad border. On the top is the inscription of "Jai Hind."

B.P.C.C.'s URGENT MEETING: An Urgent Meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Friday), at 5 P.M. (S.T.), at the Congress House.

Gokuldas Cullianji Barsi Cotton Press Co., Ltd.

The 53rd annual ordinary general meeting of the Share-holders of The Gokuldas Cullianji Barsi Cotton Press Co. Ltd., was held on Friday at Podar Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, Mr. Gordhandas Goguldas, presiding.

The directors in the course of their report for the year ended 30th June 1945, stated that a net profit of Rs. 9,044/10/11 has been made during the year. On the balance of Rs. 941/11/0 brought forward from last year's account, being added, the amount available for disposal is Rs. 9,986/5/11 which the Directors recommended to dispose of as under:

To Write off the Building depreciation Rs. 1,500. To Write of the Machinery depreciation Rs. 1,000. To Write Dead Stock and Furniture depreciation Rs. 200. To pay a Dividend free of Income-tax for the year ending 30th June 1945 on paid up-capital at of 4 per cent per annum as under:—On 300 Shares of "A" capital of Rs. 250 paid up at Rs. 10 per share Rs. 3,000. On 1500 Shares of "B" capital of Rs. 50 paid up at Rs. 2 per share Rs. 3,000. To pay bonus to Company's staff Rs. 500. To carry to new year's account Rs. 1,786/5/11, Rs. 9,986/5/11.

The Directors' report was adopted together with the recommendation made in it.

Marwadi Murder Mystery

Mr. Prabhudayal Bajoria who had been arrested in connection with the suspected murder of Ramnath Ladhuram Kedia was released on bail on the 2nd inst. by Mr. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate.

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KISMET
Ronald Colman, Marlene Dietrich

LAST TWO KANNADA DRAMAS AT
DAMODAR HALL
Parel
SAT. 5-1-46 at 4 p.m.
VIRATPARVA
ವಿರಾಟಪರ್ವ
and on 6-1-46 at 4 p.m.
MARKANDEY
Rates: 10|-, 6|8|-, 5|-, 2|8. 1|4 & 10 as.
In Aid of VARDACHAR Memorial Art Association

SATURDAY AT 5 P.M.
NATYA SANGAM
presents
'ARDHYAWATEWAR'
Most popular Marathi play
Starring—
Kesarbai Bandodkar
SHREENAND THEATRE, Dadar.

Harijans Go To Polls For Primary Panel

Good Support For Congress Candidates

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Nearly 55 per cent of the Scheduled Caste voters in the Bombay City up-to Dharavi went to the polls for electing the primary panel, consisting of four members each for two Scheduled Caste seats (including Suburbs) allotted to them in the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

Thirteen Scheduled Caste candidates contested the elections for the two seats, with a total number of 62,000 voters.

Mr. N. S. Kajrolkar, the Congress candidate for the Bombay City (Byculla and Parel) Constituency and Mr. S. G. Songaonker, Congress candidate for the City North and Bombay Suburban District, fared well in the elections and are expected to be included in the panel.

The day was marked by scenes of enthusiasm and rejoicing. Congress flags fluttered and vied with the Red flag of the Scheduled Caste Federation. Long processions marched up and down the streets throughout the day. The biggest of them was of the Scheduled Caste Federation taken out after the closing hours at Worli. To the accompaniment of band, drums and cymbals whose noise, however, was drowned in the vociferous shouting of the processionists who danced and leapt high, whirling sticks in the air, the procession passed along Worli Road into Globe Mill Lane.

The day, however passed off without any serious incidents, except for two cases of stone throwing at Bhoiwada resulting in injury to one person.

Apart from the Congress candidates the following contested from the Parel-Byculla Constituency:—Mr. H. J. Deorukkar (Scheduled Caste Federation), Mr. B. R. Chowghule, Mr. Mahadev Malu, Mr. N. S. Nikam, and Mr. S. V. Gaikwad. The following contested the 'G' Ward cum-Suburban District Constituency:—Messrs. R. D. Bhandare, (Scheduled Caste Federation), K. M. Chowghule, L. R. Dhavale, S. A. Vatkar, S. A. Agavane and T. B. Kamble.

For the Bombay City (Byculla and Parel) Constituency there were six School; new Municipal Garden, Nagpolling booths—Antonio D'Souza High pada; Wellington Municipal Garden, Nare Park; Vacant Municipal land opposite Bhoiwada Police Station and the Municipal land opposite Y. J. T. Institute, Matunga.

Only in the early hours was there any rush of voters. Although the Government offices, both Provincial and Central as well as banks were closed, most of the mills were open. But a number of workers abstained from work.

Four polling booths were provided for voters from 'G' Ward. They were situated at Yellow Bungalow, Dharavi; two polling booths at the Labour Welfare Playground of the Development Department, Chawls, Worli and the Labour Welfare playground at the Development Chawls, DeLisle Road.

Brisk voting was witnessed both at Worli and Dharavi, the northernmost part of the city. Owing to the narrow, winding lane of the notorious Dharavi slum and the large body of voters the arrangements here, were found to be inadequate. Voters queued up and waited patiently for long hours for their turn to come. In the morning, there was a traffic tie-up for more than half an hour, and a car carrying voters knocked down a pedestrian, who, however suffered, minor injuries and was taken to the police station at Mahim.

The counting of votes will take place on January 8, at the office of the Collector of Bombay, Old Customs House.

Amended Electoral Rolls Of Railway & Trade Unions

In pursuance of the Bombay Legislative Electoral (Preparation Revision and Publication of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1936, the lists of amendments to the electoral rolls of the Railway Unions and Trade Unions of Seamen and Dock Workers constituencies have been prepared and are published at the places mentioned below:—

The Trade Unions of Seamen and Dock Workers constituency Office of the Registrar of Trade Unions for the Province of Bombay (Secretariat, Bombay); and the Collector's Electoral Office (Old Custom House, Bombay).

The Railway Unions constituency—Office of the Registrar of Trade Unions for the Province of Bombay (Secretariat, Bombay); Office of the Assistant Commissioner of Labour (Mirzapur Road, Ahmedabad); the Collector's Electoral Office (Old Custom House, Bombay) the offices of the Collector's of Ahmedabad, Surat and Panch Mahals; and the offices of the Mamlatdar's of Kalyan, Bhusaval, Nandgaon, Sholapur, Dhond, Hubli, Belgaum, Dohad, Bulsar, Anand, Poona, Maval, Nadiad and Igatpuri.

Copies of the lists of amendments to the electoral rolls of these two constituencies are obtainable at the office of the Registrar of Trade Unions for the Province of Bombay (Secretariat, Bombay). The price of the list for the Trade Unions of Seamen and Dock Workers' constituency is Rs. 10/12/0; and of that for the Railway Unions' constituency, Rs. 9/10/0.

Primary Election For Railwaymen And Seamen's Constituency

The Railway Unions constituency and the Trade Unions of Seamen and Dockworkers constituency of the Bombay Legislative Assembly have been called upon to choose at a primary election their respective electoral colleges before February 18, 1946, for the purpose of electing persons to fill the seats in these constituencies.

The date fixed for the nomination of candidates and the scrutiny of nominations is January 16; poll will be on February 8; and the counting of votes on February 12.

DOCK STRIKE ENDS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Following Mr. K. F. Nariman's assurance that he would fight for their legitimate demands and secure them justice, the workers of the Mazagaon Dock Company resumed work this morning.

8,000 workers of the company have been on strike since December 29 even though the Bombay Government appointed an adjudicator to settle their dispute with the management. The Dockyard Workers' Union leaders directed the workers to resume work immediately on appointment of the adjudicator but the workers refused and continued the strike.

Last evening Mr. Nariman who was engaged by the Union to argue the workers' case before the adjudicator addressed a huge gathering at Nawab Tank and advised the workers to resume work as the strike after the appointment of the adjudicator was illegal. He also advised them to avoid a split among the workers.

The strikers thereupon decided to resume work today.

New Motor Cars Arriving

New motor cars are expected to arrive shortly. Persons interested should apply to the Provincial Motor Transport Controller Secretariat, Bombay, on prescribed form obtainable from him before January 15. Those who have applied for Austin "Tens" or other new cars need not apply, as their applications are already on the list.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

FRIDAY, Jan. 4.

BOMBAY—1.

244 In (1,231 kc/s)—8.0 a.m. News (H) 8.15 News (E) 8.30 Pramila Bai 8.45 Jutbikra Roy 8.50 News (M) 9.0 News (G) 9.10 Programme Parade 9.15 Gnagubai Hangal 9.45 Bhajan.

12-30 p.m. Marathi Songs 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 News (H) 1.0 Ghazalen, Naaten Aur Qawwaliyan 1-30 News (E) 1.40 Lunch Hour 2.30 For Women 4.20 School Broadcast 5.0 Purushottam Manekial 5.15 N. S. Khalikar 5-35 Indulal H. Parekh 5.45 Topical Talk 5.55 Locals 6.0 Aqeel Ahmed 6.20 Pramila Bai 6-30 News (E) 6.40 News (H) 6.45 Purushottam Manekial 7-0 Music from the Film 7-15 Marathi Songs 7.30 Indula H. Parekh 7.40 Shaikhlal Qawwal 8-0 Nava Lekhan 8.15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8.45 Pramila Bai 9-0 News (H) 9.20 News (E) 9.30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Sindhura 9.45 World Affairs 10.0 Gangubai Hangal.

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SHRI PRASAD AGARWALLA

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)

The following is the daily weather chart as recorded at 8 a.m today.

Abu 63 43 0 0 minus 0.4 Ahmedabad 81 54 0 0 minus 0.2 Ahmednagar 85 54 0 0.3 minus 1.1 Ajmer 70 35 0 0 minus 0.5 Akola 84 58 0 0 minus 1.4 Amraoti 81 53 0 0.5 minus 0.7 Aurangabad 88 57 0 0.2 minus 1.1 Bangalore 79 56 0 0.7 minus 2.5 Baroda 82 43 0 0 Nil Belgaum 83 53 0 0.4 minus 1.5 Bhopal 75 44 0 0 minus 1.2 BOMBAY 82 64 0 0.4 minus 0.3 Calcutta 75 47 0 0 minus 1.0 Delhi 69 37 0 0 minus 0.6 Gulbarga 86 56 0 0.2 minus 1.1 Hanovar 69 64 0 2.3 Nil Hyderabad (Da) 85 55 0 0.1 minus 1.3 Indore 74 40 0 0 minus 0.9 Lahore 67 32 0 0.5 minus 0.1 Lucknow 72 34 0 T minus 0.6 Madras 82 68 0 16.5 minus 31. Mahabaleshwar 75 56 0 0 minus 1.8 Nagpur 80 55 0 0 minus 1.3 Pachmarhi 70 40 0 0 minus 1.3 Palghat 88 69 0 8.8 Nil Poona 87 51 0 0 minus 1.3 Raichur 84 63 0 0.1 minus 1.2 Rajkot 78 43 0 0 minus 0.8 Ratnagiri 87 66 0 0.1 minus 1.1 Sholapur 87 57 0 0 minus 1.8 Surat 84 53 0 0 minus 0.4.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

New occasions teach new duties,
Truth makes ancient good uncouth;
They must upward still and onward
Who would keep abreast of Truth.

—James Russell Lowell.

The Bombay Chronicle

STATESMANLIKE DECISION

General Auchinleck, the Commander-in-Chief, deserves congratulations on the great and rare wisdom he has displayed in dealing with the case against Captains Shah Nawaz and Sehgal and Lieut. Dhillon. He has remitted the sentence of transportation for life awarded to them by the Court Martial on the charge of waging war against the King and ordered the release of the three officers. Though the Commander-in-Chief has done so, he has accepted the findings of the Court Martial on the main charge against the three accused and on the second charge against Capt. Shah Nawaz. These findings, however, cannot be sustained on a proper interpretation of international law. As Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, in his masterly defence and convincing exposition of that law, pointed out, the people of a country have inherent right to fight for its freedom and, in this particular case, if it was recognized that a war was being carried on, the recognition of the Insurgent Government followed as a necessary consequence and such a recognition meant the grant of immunities rights to the Indian National Army. However, in view of the statesmanlike decision of the Commander-in-Chief, it is not necessary to labour this point. But the considerations, which have weighed with him in arriving at this decision, apply with equal urgency and cogency to all other cases in which officers and men of the I. N. A. are involved. Whatever purpose Government had in view has been served by the trial of, and verdict in, the cases against Captains Shah Nawaz and Sehgal and Lieut. Dhillon. In our view the whole question of dealing with the I. N. A. should properly have been left to a National Government. However, all's well that ends well and we trust the Commander-in-Chief will not mar the good effect that his generous act will produce throughout the country by failing to withdraw all other cases against officers and men of the I. N. A. and to release those members of it who are still in detention. The trial of Captains Shah Nawaz and Sehgal and Lieut. Dhillon—all three of whom bore themselves with rare courage and dignity throughout—was historic; so was the defence and so will remain the decision of the Commander-in-Chief.

Planning For Agricultural Progress

Among the numerous conferences that were held last week special significance attaches, at the present moment, to the annual session of the Conference of the Indian Society of Agricultural Economics which was held at Benares under the chairmanship of Sir Manilal B. Nanavati. In his presidential address at the Conference, Sir Manilal drew attention to the need for the adoption of a bold and comprehensive policy for India as a whole to provide adequate food for its growing population. The Famine Inquiry Commission, of which he was a member, has accepted the proposition that it is the ultimate responsibility of the State in India as in other countries to provide enough food for all. The tragedy that occurred in Bengal indicates in what manner Governments in India discharge this primary responsibility. The survey of the position as set forth in Sir Manilal's address seems to show that in India, at any rate, the State is not so alive to the gravity of the situation as to implement the bold and comprehensive policy for which he pleads. That before technical improvements in agriculture can be carried it is essential to change the land tenure system is a view that is expounded not only by Sir Manilal but by almost everyone who has devoted some thought to rural economic problems. But beyond giving pious expression to the hope that co-operative farming may be tried experimentally where conditions are suitable, what is the contribution which the State has made so far towards a solution of this problem? The proposals that Sir Manilal advocates in this behalf are modest. These are: that further sub-division and fragmentation of holdings should be stopped; that holdings are reconstituted into an economic size with due regard to the needs of each locality; that the passing of land to absentee landlords should be stopped and that lands that have already so passed should be restored to those cultivators who can put the lands to the best use; and that the intermediary interest between the cultivator and the Government are eliminated. To what extent is an administration constituted as it is, both at the centre and in the provinces, likely to embark on a programme embracing these items which cut across social prejudices and involve a struggle against vested interests? Agricultural prosperity thus depends ultimately on the political freedom which the country achieves.

The Famine Inquiry Commission expresses in its report the hope that it should be the last of the investigations ordered by Government into the etiology of famines and to report the measures necessary to prevent their recurrence. Sir Manilal reiterates the hope although there is little in the record of the present system of administration to justify the hope. Bengal is only the last among the tragedies witnessed in India. The neighbouring province of Orissa is a standing testimony to the ability and efficiency of that system, for in that unfortunate province scarcity and malnutrition are a permanent feature of rural economy. The position of Rayalseema and the Bombay Deccan in this respect is little better than what it was fifty years ago. The "grow more food" campaign, as Sir Manilal points out, in spite of heavy expenditure yielded but small results. And yet more people have to draw sustenance from the land because, with the decay of rural industries, the land remains the only source of livelihood. There is little ground, therefore, for any optimism unless as Sir Manilal observes there is a complete change in spirit of the administration and the State takes the same broad view of its functions as it does in other countries.

Frankly Speaking

A Jewish Exodus?

An interesting report comes from Frankfurt. General Morgan, chief of the U.N.R.R.A. organisation in Europe, is credited with believing that European Jews have a positive plan for a second exodus. The report is denied by the London Political Secretary of the World Jewish Congress. On the other hand, General Morgan is the head of the organisation which is charged with the task of affording relief and assistance to the needy, the destitute and homeless in Europe. He is in a special position to be aware of what is happening in Europe. Moreover, he supplies circumstantial evidence which cannot be entirely ignored. He claims that Jews from Poland, who were formerly destitute, are coming westwards to Berlin, well dressed, well-fed, healthy and with "their pockets bulging with money." He cites also the instance of "a committee of liberated Jews in Bavaria", who formerly wrote to him on scraps of paper and are now writing on the finest engraved paper. If General Morgan is at all right, who is financing the exodus and, more important, whither is it bound?

Siam Pays

If Siam committed the crime of joining Japan in the war, she is now to pay a heavy price for it. The Treaty she has had to sign with Britain—and with "the Government of India", too—reduces her to the status of a dependent unit in the British Empire serving the economic interests of post-war Britain. The illusion of political freedom, reinforced by promised membership of the United Nations organisation, means nothing in view of the domination assured to the British in the internal and economic life of the country. We have seen and experienced all that in India and Burma. Siam has in fact been virtually taken over by Britain with America a nominal partner. A Reuter's analysis of the peace treaty says:

'The production of rice, tin, rubber and teak is to be stimulated. Trade in these commodities is to be regulated and all exports are to cease, except in accordance with the recommendations of the combined Boards in Washington or any body that succeeds them.'

And Siam produces nothing much beyond rice, tin, rubber and teak.

A British Colony

What worse fate can befall a country than its entire production and export trade should be under the dominating control of a power like Britain? Compared with this it is a minor misfortune that Siam's rice "surplus" should for sometime be handed over to Britain. It is a misfortune because "surplus" will inevitably be determined to the prejudice of the Siamese. Siam clearly is reduced to the status of a British colony the main purpose of which is free and full exploitation of its resources to serve British manufacture and British finance and commerce. Siam, we note, has been deprived of those British "territories" which she had grabbed during the war. There can be no objection to it, but are those territories to enjoy any future better than their past? We do not like this treaty and we deplore all the more the inclusion of India as a signatory. It is very regrettable that Mr. M. S. Aney should have consented to represent "the Government of India" in a deal the practical result of which is to make of another Asiatic country virtually a possession of British imperialism.

The Levant Issue

The Levant problem is again to the fore, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent. It is to the fore because of imperialist greed and rivalry. The French and the British somehow consented in an agreement to withdraw their troops from Syria. Disagreement between the British and the French has arisen because the former understood that both would jointly withdraw to Lebanon while the latter took it that they alone would remain in Lebanon and the British would retire to Palestine. It is a case of the French wanting to hold on to their "Empire" and getting rid of British interference and the British wanting to maintain their hold on it. But this inter-imperialist difference is by no means the only or the main issue. The issue is that both the Levant States want to see their country completely free of any outside military force, French or British. The Lebanese have already declared that they will have neither one nor the other and that both should quit. The question is one of complete independence and nothing less than it will solve the question. Incidentally, we read a London report alleging disorders in Syria. This report has been authoritatively contradicted by the Syrian Legation. But it is significant. Is there a move to stay on in Syria on the very convenient excuse of invented disorders?

The British Delegation

Almost all the members of the all-party delegation from Britain which is coming over to India have expressed to Reuter's correspondent in London their views on what they deem to be the object of their visit. Every one of them wants to assure Indians that he is coming with an open mind and that the visit of himself and his fellow-delegates is one truly of goodwill. They all want Indians to believe that "there is real goodwill towards the Indian people on the part of the whole of the British people" and that Britain "really does want India to have independence." While wishing in no way to discount the friendly spirit in which these fine sentiments are expressed, we are afraid the people of this country will find it hard to accept these assurances at their face value. The majority of members of the delegation will themselves admit that they have been all these years total strangers to Indian life, culture and history. For them to expect, therefore, to know India and Indians sufficiently within a period of less than two months so as to judge of the justness or otherwise of the latter's claim to manage their own affairs is too fantastic a conception to need any emphasis.

Wanted Deeds

While such is the case with the members of the delegation, the assurances on their part that "the whole of the British people" are really friendly disposed towards Indians and that Britain "really does want India to have independence" are too "tall" for Indians to swallow them. These members are not ignorant of the fact that there is abysmal ignorance among the mass of the British people regarding India and things Indian—thanks to the systematic efforts of British ruling classes to keep the masses of the people in Britain in the dark regarding their administration of India and to hoodwink them whenever any occasions have arisen for discussing Indian affairs in Parliament. If the British people are in fact alive to the needs of the Indian situation they should have moved very much earlier in demonstrating their goodwill towards Indians. The fact is that the British public are awfully ignorant about Indian affairs and are content to leave things to be managed by their ruling classes, who have no other interest in India than to exploit this country for the enrichment of Britain and people of British extraction. The tree is to be judged by its fruits. If the "British people" as the delegates suggest, have nothing but goodwill towards Indians and want India to be independent, why are the Indonesians, the Annanese, the Malayans and the Siamese, who are struggling to be free from alien thraldom, being repressed and suppressed ruthlessly with a view to their permanent enslavement to British, French and Dutch exploiters? Love of freedom cannot be a divisible commodity, to be doled out to Indians alone but withheld from other Oriental peoples. The delegates will do well to realise the patent unreality, if not hypocrisy, underlying their gushing avowals of sympathy for Indian aspirations for independence. Indians will judge them, the Labour Government which sends them as well as the Parliament and the British people, whom they claim to represent, by their material deeds. Indians, they may rest assured, will not at all be diverted by one inch from the path they have set before themselves—the path of freedom. British goodwill is welcome—more, perhaps, for the sake of the British than that of Indians,—but goodwill or no goodwill, India will march on till she reaches her goal.

Malayan Relief And Welfare Fund

"I notice that an appeal has been made recently to the Indian public by the Malayan Representative in India, Mr. J. M. Barron, 2/L, Andrews Building, South Parade, Bangalore Cantonment for support of the Malayan Relief and Welfare Fund started to assist in relieving the severe and widespread distress prevailing throughout Malaya to-day.

I am a civilian who has come from Malaya recently. I have seen at firsthand how the Malayan Welfare Council in charge of the fund is administering it. The council has representatives from all races inhabiting Malaya and the Regional Executive Committees of the council are distributing the funds without distinction of race and creed through the charitable organizations in Malaya.

In Malaya there are thousands of persons whose special needs are beyond the resources of the voluntary societies and the maximum relief measures undertaken by the Malayan Administration. The fund will augment the relief measures.

India has a duty towards Malaya not only as a good neighbour but also as a country which has become the home of many Indians. Under the Japanese Malaya became a land of destitutes and any appeal confined to Malaya can only have limited response. The cause of suffering men and women should transcend national barriers. Malaya calls. Will not the Indian public respond? The Malayan Representative has undertaken the work of receiving contributions and transmitting them to the proper quarters. The civilians in Malaya will be grateful to the people of India".

Dec. 24.

P. V. THOMAS.

What Reserve Bank Should Do

By S. H. MEHTA

The final consideration of the Banking Bill to be examined by the Select Committee of our Central Legislature will be delayed until the next session commences under changed conditions. The time opportune publicly to discuss the provisions of that Bill will be slightly before the legislature actually meets so that the matter is kept fresh in the minds of the members, who will be likely to participate in the debate. This Bill must be examined threadbare in the best interests of India for the proper development of banking business in the country. The Reserve Bank has said what banks in India should do. A decade after the Reserve Bank's existence and particularly after the War is over the period of reconstruction faces us. We must, therefore, constructively suggest to the Reserve Bank that it is high time for it to do what it is supposed to do in the direction of strengthening and expanding the existing financial and credit structure of the country. There is plenty of scope to achieve this provided steps in the right direction are taken.

Start Systematic Deflation

The Local Board Members elected by the shareholders of the Reserve Bank in all the areas may please take immediate action in the best interests of the country and specifically instruct the Directors whom they elect to serve on the Central Board to do the needful. Watering of our currency still continues and Note circulation increased by Rs. 53 crores from 30-6-45 to 7-12-45. The causes which actuated blind inflation from less than Rs. 200 crores to the present high level of Rs. 1,190 crores do not exist now. Consequently systematic deflation ought to be started forthwith by selling sterling loans held in the Issue Department to the institutional and individual investors in India to the extent of the Second Victory Loan held by them and for this purpose the rate of exchange must be fixed. Fresh demand for investment may also be met this way. This means that the Second Victory Loan must be converted in the first instance. This action will result in gradual deflation without any adverse economic effects.

The authorities concerned must see that over 85 per cent of the sterling credits held by the Reserve Bank in its Issue and Banking Departments earn a net yield of 3 per cent. The balance may be held in short-term securities, and the maximum cash to be held in London is to be 50 per cent of the rupee equivalent of the Notes held in the Banking Department at this end. It was ridiculous that the authorities secured an average yield of only 1.26 per cent on our National Investments from 1-7-44 to 30-6-45. The shareholders merely get a total of Rs. 20 lakhs by way of dividend and the balance of the sum earned is payable to the Central Government to reduce the burden on the general tax payer. Our leaders should ask for the sterling balances to be funded without any disadvantage to India.

Govt.'s Deposits

The Central Government's deposits with the Reserve Bank averaged Rs. 12 crores for the nine years ended 31-3-44, while they averaged Rs. 163 crores for the next twelve months, but they reached a high figure Rs. 455 crores on 7-12-45. Will the Finance Department of the Government of India explain to the financially minded members of the public the idea behind borrowing despite these astounding deposits, and also the wisdom of raising loans in India at a rate of 3 per cent to deposit the proceeds with the Reserve Bank, which in turn invests or is asked to invest the amount in short-term securities in London fetching a yield of about 1 per cent thereby losing about 2 per cent? The sum so lost can very well be utilised for the all round development of India.

Of late, we hear so much about commercial safeguards for the benefit of British investors coming in the way of our economic development, but considerable progress can be made if other measures are given effect to with the necessary honesty and vigour to the advantage of all concerned. To this end, we must grind down some of the old and obsolete theories and reshape them to acceptable practical measures as is being done in advanced countries. We are concerned to find out how the Reserve Bank can really lead the way to economic prosperity of India. With all abundance one thing missing, and I may humbly put before the authorities and the general public that the missing thing is substantial figures in lieu of "Nil" against the items "International Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper" in the assets of the Issue Department, and "Bills Purchased and Discounted:—(a) Internal, and (b) External" on the asset side of the Banking Department. The former is the result of the latter. Both these items are of vital importance for the appropriate economic progress of India.

Discount Commercial Paper

Before dilating upon the point, it would be enlightening to see that the Bank of England relieves financial stringency by rediscounting commercial paper endorsed by banks or bankers. It is not likely that any of the Big Five would have occasion to take advantage of this facility; the smaller institutions and discount houses freely benefit by the ever ready facility. This practice encourages the discount or bill market and trade bills change hands with considerable ease, thereby giving impetus to the trade and industries of the United Kingdom. The item of Discount and advances by the Banking Department of the Bank of England, in millions of pounds sterling, showed:—49.0 on 31-12-30, 28.5 on 28-12-38, 18.6 on 28-3-45 and 20.1 on 25-4-45. In India, before closing its doors in June 1938, the Travancore National and Quilon Bank Ltd., a scheduled bank, had approached the Reserve Bank for rediscount facility under section 17 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. The facility was denied, that bank suspended payments, and the crisis that followed in South India is a matter of history.

Our Reserve Bank is modelled along the lines of the Federal Reserve System of the U.S.A. with modifications because India is a large country of about half the size of the U.S.A., as against a small area of England. The consolidated statement of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks of the system for a four weeks period given below shows that the discount business is undertaken by them and that a large portion of this rediscounted eligible paper is held as collateral against Federal Reserve Notes outstanding which form a part of Note circulation. Following figures are in millions of dollars.—

Date:	Paper discounted:	Held against Notes:
23-5-45	dol 724	dol. 602
30-5-45	886	798
6-6-45	912	814
13-6-45	852	762
20-6-45	307	293

Provision has been made to enable our Reserve Bank to do likewise and the earlier this class of business is duly undertaken the better for India's economic advance. We want our National financial institution to function similarly to give impetus to our trade and industries now long overdue.

(To Be Continued)

Exhibition Of Italian Artist's Paintings

Paintings, the keynote of which is vividity, are exhibited by Lt. B. M Trevisan at the Taj Mahal Hotel, Bombay.

The exhibition was formally opened on Thursday evening and drew a large crowd of admirers.

Lt. Trevisan is an Italian artist of high calibre and his oil paintings, both from life and nature, reveal the potentialities of his palette and brush.

His depiction of thought-provoking war themes in a series of three pictures of three men, arrest the eye of the beholder—the mind's eye as well as the visual.

In the panoramic section, there is a colourful scene from the Kangra Valley as captured by the artist in the floral season. There is also a picture of this sub-Himalayan hill resort in the Punjab painted at the fag-end of the rains, which evokes the spontaneous sentiment in the perceiver—"how green is the valley".

Then there are a number of character poses in the section allotted to portraiture.

Something out of the way and which really tickles the brain when you try to figure out what it is all about, is a specimen in oil-paints of that modern school of thought known as sub-realism.

LADDER OF SUCCESS

This picture shows the tough climb of a man and his friend to the acme of their aspirations. The ladder of success is almost perpendicular and the difficult struggle of the couple to mount it step by step is patiently perceptible in this adept painting. The summit of the ladder of aspirations bends in a brief bridge and follows into a declivity which shows how steep is the fall if one chances to have one at the height of success.

All the pictures are for sale. Some have already been sold.

The following is the list of the paintings:—

Frustation, Fall, Men 1, Men 2, Men 3, (Three Men), Rhodhodendrus, Kangra Valley, Well, Village in North Punjab, Red Valley, Village in North Punjab, Pierrot, Portraits of M. C., Mrs. K. P., O. S., Mrs. F. T G. R. and Mrs. W. R., The Valley, Portraits of Mrs. G. C. and S. T., Vicky, Gurkha, Deolali.

Governor Visits Vikram Exhibition

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Colville paid a visit to the Vikram Art Exhibition at the University Convocation Hall on Thursday evening. They were received by Diwan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri, Mr. Champaklal Mody and members of the Exhibition Committee.

Dr. D. G. Vyas and Mr. V. V. Oak conducted Sir John and Lady Colville round the galleries and explained various exhibits. His Excellency spent over an hour covering all sections and commented on the freshness of colours in old paintings.

A statue of Ganesh in standing posture attracted them and they recalled the celebrations at Ganeshkhind. A painting depicting Krishna playing pranks with the Gopis by carrying away their sarees caught their eye. Among the distinguished visitors in the evening were the Maharaja of Rajpipla, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, Mr. K. R. P. Shroff and several business magnates.

SPREAD OF NATIONAL LANGUAGE IN S. INDIA

(BY R. SHANKARAN)

With the advent of Gandhiji in Indian politics the phase "National Reconstruction" has gained sufficient recognition and acceptance. Starting with the four planks of work about the year 1920 it has developed into a fourteen point programme for Swaraj. It will be interesting to note now, that Gandhiji started spreading the national language first—as early as 1919. It was the first step in "National Re-construction." The work was started by the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan and they opened the Prachar Karyalaya in Madras. Sjt. Devdas Gandhi and Swami Satya Dev were the first workers.

About the year 1938 when the people of Madras could manage the work on their own strength and initiative Gandhiji advised the continuation of the work by the local institution and the Prachar Karyalaya was changed into the present Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha. From that time the work spread on local financial support only. Now the Sabha has four Provincial branches, the Andhra, Tamil Nad, Karnatak and Kerala, and the Central Sabha directs the work from Madras, where it has its own premises in Tyagaraya Nagar with buildings for office, press, staff quarters and a "Vidyalaya". More than a thousand "Pracharaks" are doing work in 1,600 centres. The Sabha conducts examinations in which thousands of men and women sit annually. It has published more than 70 books so far. Hindi has been introduced in many schools and colleges also. Out of the total 15,00,000 (fifteen lacs) of rupees spent so far in this branch of national work, 10 lacs have been raised in South India by the different activities of the Sabha and 5 lacs were taken from North India in the initial stages.

The Sabha is now able to celebrate the Silver Jubilee, only this year (it completed 25 years of work in 1943) owing to the unsettled conditions in the country during the past few years. As a token of the appreciation of the Sabha's past work and with a view to consolidate and plan the future work, Gandhiji has agreed to preside over the celebrations of the Jubilee. A tentative programme has been chalked out from 24th to 31st January, 1946, which will consist of Jubilee celebrations, Pracharak Sammelan, the Convocation, Exhibition, Conference of literary men of South India and a conference of constructive workers engaged in different branches.

On this great occasion the Trustees of the Sabha have issued an appeal for 5 lacs of rupees with a ten point cultural programme. Gandhiji has also blessed this appeal. The following are the some of the important schemes contemplated:—

(1) The establishment of a South Indian Cultural Centre in North India (Delhi) which will help the people of the North to understand and appreciate the South Indian languages, literatures and culture.

(2) The publication of suitable literature for the above objects.

(3) Improving the Printing Press of the Sabha to meet the demands of the above work. The Hindi Prachar Sabha Press does printing work in ten languages; but with scanty resources.

(4) The construction of a Guest House where visitors from the North could be accommodated with good convenience.

(5) The establishment of a pucca Library where Hindi Books and also books of the 4 South Indian languages will be kept.

It is happy to note that Gandhiji has allowed this appeal to be made to all India, as the Sabha aims at an all-India National and Cultural drive. It is hoped that the appeal will meet with generous response from Bombay too.

QUILON PUBLIC MEN GAGGED

QUILON, Jan. 3, (U.P.I.): The District Magistrate, Quilon, has issued orders prohibiting Mr. A. P. Udayabhanu, M.L.A., Mr. Sankara Narayanan Thampi, M.L.A., Mr. K. Ramakrishnan Pillai, Mr. A. K. Velayudhan, Mr. P. G. Padmanabhan, Organiser, local Communist Party, and Mr. K. V. Patrose from making public speeches in the Quilon District for a period of 15 days.

Public meetings have also been prohibited within the limits of the Alleppi Municipality.

SATYAGRAHA FOR CLOTH

KURIGRAM, (Rangpur), Jan. 3 (A. P.I.)—The District Kisan Samity has adopted a resolution threatening a district-wide Satyagraha movement unless steps are taken by the authorities by January 7, to make better arrangements for the sale of cloth to the public.

The people of this sub-division, it is stated, have experienced great difficulties in purchasing cloth and the matter has already been brought to the notice of H.E. the Governor of Bengal by a representation made on behalf of the All-Parties Relief Committee.

U.S.A. Wants Convertibility Of Sterling

WASHINGTON Jan. 3, (Reuter): A survey of the Sterling Area by the Department of Commerce states that dissolution of the Wartime Sterling Area system (which replaced the Sterling Bloc at the outbreak of the war) will not automatically result in the expansion of United States exports if steps are not taken to ensure complete convertibility of sterling.

The Department of Commerce says that the distinction between the pre-war Sterling Bloc and the Wartime Sterling Area has been confused although their motives differ widely. The Wartime Sterling Area had been a system of co-operative exchange control operated by an association of separate countries on the basis of sterling that has not been freely convertible. On the other hand the pre-war Sterling Bloc was not a system of exchange control sterling was freely convertible into foreign exchange or gold. Indeed free convertibility was among the biggest forces attracting members to the Bloc. The basic advantage of being within the Sterling Area has been freedom by which payments could be made between residents of member countries though physical shortages were the limiting factors. There is no evidence that the Sterling system has become permanent British policy nor that its retention is sought in anything resembling its present form.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

INDONESIAN REPORT

BATAVIA, Jan. 2.—A third attempt by armed Dutch soldiers to seize the car belonging to Dr. Sutan Sjahrir, the Indonesian Prime Minister, was foiled yesterday evening by a British Brigadier and a British Major who were visiting Dr. Sjahrir at the time, Indonesian sources reported today.

* * *

Advocating a Socialist Government, "C.R." says there is no reason why in India, too, Socialism should not yield the desired result.

The amazing truth is that there is really no reason.

* * *

The Action Committee of the All-India Muslim League, having expelled Mr. G. M. Syed, has put Mr. M. H. Gasdar in charge of the Provincial Muslim League office and its funds.

We congratulate the Action Committee.

* * *

The Patna police is reported to have made a lathi charge on Muslim League students who staged a demonstration against a public meeting organised by the D.C.C. and addressed by Nationalist Muslims.

It is clear that the provocation was supplied by Nationalist Muslims, who had the mischievous temerity to address a public meeting.

* * *

After calling for the opinions of its constituent countries, the Arab League, we learn, will draft a report on the whole question of Palestine and submit it to the British and American Governments.

There is a serious omission in this plan, which the Arab League must make good. It must announce that it will simultaneously submit the report to the Qaid-e-Azam, too.

* * *

DELHI DOES UNTOLD HARM TO WOOL TRADE

India Kept Out of Empire Wool Sale Plan.

Headlines.

What else are Delhi and India for respectively?

* * *

It is announced that "the Khaksar Parliamentary Board, Bombay, has decided to contest all the seats of the Bombay Provincial Legislative Assembly and Council."

We beg humbly to plead for a reconsideration of the decision. We appeal to the Khaksar organisation that it should in its generosity leave just a few seats for others, too.

* * *

A British member of the Malayan Civil Service has perpetrated a booklet in which he announces that "no single group of peoples in Malaya, Malay, Chinese, Indian can lay just claim to the sole right of ruling or administering it...."

The obvious and utterly incontestable conclusion, therefore, is not that they can lay claim to a joint right but that a group of Britishers should rule and administer Malaya!

* * *

Speaking the other day on "Soviet Union and Turkey", Comrade R. M. Jambhekar, General Secretary All-India Friends of the Soviet Union, dealt with and explained the true facts of the situation.

We are, needless to say, now quite convinced.

IS IT FIGHT AGAINST BRITISH?

Abdul Majid Khan's Rejoinder To Jinnah

LAHORE, Jan. 3. (U.P.I.):Apropos of the recent statement of Mr. Jinnah, Professor Abdul Majid Khan has issued the following rejoinder:

"In his latest speech delivered in Bombay, on December 27 last, Mr. Jinnah is reported to have remarked, 'When we fight for Pakistan, we are fighting against the British and not against the Hindus. We are fighting the Congress High Command who are placing obstacles in the way of freedom for the Muslims and in the way of freedom for the Hindus as well'.

"This observations of Mr. Jinnah are nothing short of a verbal camouflage calculated to delude the unwary and befool the credulous. Mr. Jinnah is utterly mistaken, if he thinks that the following facts can be lightly brushed aside:—(1) Is it not a fact that in December, 1939, when the Congress Ministries resigned of their own accord, Mr. Jinnah went into ecstasies and launched his unpatriotic campaign of deliverance, simply to please the British Imperialists? (2) Is it not a fact that in December, 1943, while delivering his presidential address, at Karachi, Mr. Jinnah held, 'Hindus cannot give you Pakistan—The British can give it, because they are in possession'? (3) Is it not a fact that during the Gandhi-Jinnah negotiations, in a letter dated September 25, 1945, Mr. Jinnah wrote, 'I am not, at present concerned with Britain, but the August 1942 resolution as I have already stated is against the ideals and demands of the Muslim League'? Is it not a fact that the British Civilians during the Simla Conference in July 1945, came to the rescue of Mr. Jinnah?

"If in the opinion of unbiassed historians the reply to the above queries is in the affirmative, then there is every justification for the widely prevalent belief that it is the British Government that during the past six years built up and buttressed the Muslim League as a counteracting element to the growing supremacy of the Congress. It is easier for the sun to rise in the West than it is for Mr. Jinnah to fight the British, because most of his satellites as gilded feudal aristocrats, are the principal props and pillars of British imperialism."

Karachi's Great Ovation To Nehru

Compartment Filled With Loud Speakers To Enable Him To Address Crowds On Way Side Stations

KARACHI, Jan. 3 (API): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived here this afternoon by a sea plane from Udaipur. He was received at the Maritime port by a large number of Congress workers headed by Dr. Choitram Gidwani, the President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee and was given a great ovation.

With the tricolour flying on the bonnet of his car, Pandit Nehru drove to the city to address the public meeting, where he was presented with purses amounting to Rs. 1,00,000 by various mercantile bodies, besides a necklace weighing 30 tolas of gold.

Foreign visitors to the All-India Women's Conference, including Miss Agatha Harrison, Miss Jesie Street, Amina El Said and others availed of the opportunity and saw him.

After staying here for a few hours, Pandit Nehru left to tour constituencies in the Districts. His compartment has been fitted with loudspeakers to enable him to address crowds on wayside stations.

NAGPUR, Jan. 3 (API): "After we have our freedom it will be time to consider whether Pakistan will do us good, whether Communist or Socialist type of government will suit India better" said Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla in a speech at a public meeting to-night. "Till then we must all forget and sink our differences, hold in abeyance talks of different kinds of 'isms', join Congress and work wholeheartedly under its banner for the freedom of our country he added. Pandit Shukla declared, everyone who is Indian must accept and abide by the Congress instructions for that was the only way to hasten the advent of freedom which all were yearning to attain.

Pandit Shukla proceeding said British Government would yield only when our potent powers of strength as non-violent people would assert itself. They must build up strength and imbibe non-violence to such an extent that British arms and bayonets would no longer scare them to leave their posts of duty.

Agents Of British Govt.!

PESHAWAR, Jan. 3 (API). The provincial rally of Redshirts was held yesterday at Charsadda when they were instructed to go round their local constituencies in uniform to canvass support for Congress candidates.

Khan Ali Gul Khan, President of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, addressing the Red Shirts said that the Congress represented the masses of the country while the Khan Bahadurs of the Muslim League were agents of the British Government.

INDIA'S TEST OF FREEDOM

(Continued from page 1)

humanity. Democracy has yet to be, and we are still in the adolescent stage of human fulfilment.

Yet, human travail has no meaning, apart from the faith that it will yet issue in liberation from all that frustrates true human well-being.

Passage To India

It is with such an outlook that one has ventured on the passage to India. One may have passed out of inherited insularity, psychologically, but, actually, to pass physically into a different world can have a profound effect for good or ill upon one's reflection and advocacy.

India is not Great Britain even though British concepts and institutions may have left an imperishable mark on India. The background of Indian life and culture is her own, and she possesses a certain integration that is more ancient than that of Great Britain. This has to be respected, for, without this preliminary respect, one may travel far and learn nothing.

There are acute problems in India, political and economic, and a progressive solution of these will make onerous demands on Indian peoples. They know that as fully as we do. But, even as we repudiate the pretence of others to solve our problems in their way, suspension of this principle to India appears inescapable.

I go to India, therefore, not with the assumption that it is my task to offer specious advice but to understand more vividly what Indians feel and think and, perchance, to convey back an impression of their needs and intentions.

Human Contact

To make human contact is in itself of deeper value than cynics on either side would allow. Certainly, many facts have been available for years and require little further elucidation. But facts are relative to human beings and not a substitute. It may sound banal to affirm: "we are all members, one of another," and that beneath all diversity, there is a common humanity. Nevertheless, because we are so apt to concentrate on our diversities and leave each country to work out her own liberation in her own way, that we must realise there exists a test of freedom. Such freedom does not consist in allowing the other fellow to do as we wish but in recognising his moral right to please himself.

Of course, this carries with it a provision that he refrains from imposing his will on us.

It could be argued that, in declining such advice as we may give, or in breaking our association, he is virtually imposing his will. This is a casuistical interpretation of volition, and one presupposes that the will must essentially be goodwill. Otherwise, there is an inevitable war and chaos.

One hopes for the continuation of friendship, co-operation and mutual aid. There is no reason why this should not be so, and it is more likely, as and when India freely chooses this friendship than under conditions of real or imaginary subordination.

Mutual Contribution

I believe personally that Great Britain and India have given much to each other, and could give more.

So far as it lies in my power and without the ulterior motive to encourage Indo-British co-operation, I should nourish this conviction. All I hope to convince India is that there are British men and women who have no desire whatever to preserve even a residue of domination but who would meet Indian men and women as equals and who are passionately anxious to meet only as human beings serving a similar purpose.

We have destroyed the vicious structure of Nazi and Fascist domination. That pattern of racial and national mastery is in fragments. It is our task to implement this negative fact in positive ways. I want to know at first hand how India intends to do this and bring to her impressive diversity the dignity of full self-government.

The form of India's future constitution may be different from all our speculations and proposals. It is bound to possess a mechanism appropriate to India's uniqueness.

No Romantic Facade

Here, again, I shall learn much and so will all my colleagues. Doubtless, there will be divergencies of adjudication and assessment and a variety of emphasis according to temperament and principles. I believe, however, that it will not be merely a romantic facade that will impress them, nor that they will simply lock at human wretchedness and evade the essential challenge.

I believe they will recognise, even if their conclusion be not precisely mine, that it is India's responsibility to meet her full human needs according to her own initiative and wisdom.

The challenge is a spiritual one, as I see it, to India and Britain. It is a challenge to prove that the mind and body of India can be made vital and whole by democratic means. For my part, I believe that if this be not possible, the disillusionment will cause the human spirit to a trophy.

I want India for our own sake, as well as her own, to liberate her people and thus give encouragement and confidence to all the struggling peoples of this stricken earth.

"Hitler's Son's" Arrest Story

PRAGUE, Jan. 3 (Reuter). Enquiries here today failed to elicit confirmation that the boy who might be Hitler's son had been arrested in Prague. Authorities said that they had not been informed of any arrest from which such a conclusion might be drawn.

Reports from Nuremberg on Tuesday. Reuter adds, said that Czechoslovak police in Bohemia had arrested a twelve-year-old boy stated to bear striking resemblance to the boy whose picture was found with Hitler's marriage certificate and last testament.

Hunt For Goering's Son

PRAGUE, Jan. 3 (A.P.A.) The Czechoslovak State Radio at midnight broadcast an order for a nationwide manhunt for the "son of Hermann Goering who escaped near Teschen". The announcement said Goering's son was about 30 years old and resembled his father. No further explanation was given.

MADRAS ADVISER'S MISSION TO U.S.

MADRAS, Jan. 3 (APA): The Government of India have deputed Sir S. V. Ramamurthy, Adviser to Governor of Madras, to represent India's claim for food allocations on the United Nations Food Allocations Board in Washington.

In view of the current shortage of rice in the presidency, Sir Ramamurthy will press for an adequate supply of rice from Burma and Siam.

Sir Ramamurthy will fly to the United States next week.

INDIANISATION OF ARMY

The first stage of post-war plans for the training of officers for regular commissions and for the complete Indianisation of the officer cadre of the Indian Army has been prepared by the Government of India with the institution of special short courses to train selected candidates for regular commissions. These courses will be conducted at the Officers' Training School at Mhow, in Central India. The first will begin from January 1, and will last for a year.

Candidates must have been born before January 1, 1927, and after December 31, 1924. The minimum educational standard for candidates is an Army Special Certificate of education or Matriculation, the Senior Cambridge examination or the School Leaving Certificate. All candidates will have to be passed by a selection board.

Applications for admission to this course should be sent to the Director of Selection of Personnel, General Headquarters India, Meerut cantonment.

NO SURPLUS OF INDIAN JUTE

BOSTON, Jan. 3. (U.P.A.): Jute circles commenting on the termination of international allocation of jute by the Combined Raw Materials Board stressed that this event should not be interpreted as indicating there is a surplus of Indian jute and emphasized it was understood the Government of India will continue to govern the export of Indian jute.

SINDHI MURDERED NEAR BURDWAN

Outrage In First Class Compartment Of Punjab Mail

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3. (A.P.I.): The circumstances under which the body of a Sindhi merchant named Jamait Ray was found lying with stab wounds beside the railway tract near Galsi railway station, about 13 miles away from Burdwan, are being investigated by the Howrah Railway Police.

It is stated that Jamait Ray was travelling to Lahore by the Punjab Mail in a first class compartment on December 24 carrying some valuable ornaments and cash amounting to Rs. 2,500 to attend a wedding of his daughter. His body with stab wounds was found next morning by the station master of the Galsi railway station who notified the police. One theory advanced is that Jamait Ray was attacked while the train was in motion, and that the miscreants, after taking possession of the valuables, threw the body out. So far no arrest has been made.

Fire In Calcutta Jute Godowns

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3 (API):—Fire broke out last night in a jute godown Ultadanga in the eastern suburbs of Calcutta. The godown contained jute stock valued at about three lakhs of rupees.

The extent of damage is not known.

Another fire in a jute godown was also reported last night. This was at Cossipore.

The fires were brought under control by fire engines of the Calcutta fire brigade.

I. N. A. OFFICERS RELEASED

(Continued from page 1)

the stability of any Government by law established, present or future".

HEARTY WELCOME!

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—The I.N.A. Relief Committee, Bengal, has sent the following telegram to the three released I.N.A. officers:

"Congratulations. Welcome you most heartily amongst us. Jai Hind."

Mrs. Sarat Chandra Bose has sent the following telegram: "Congratulations on your victory."

"JUSTICE TEMPERED WITH MERCY"

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—Interviewed on the release of Capt. Shah Nawaz, Capt. Sehgal and Lt. Dhillon, Dr. B. C. Roy said:

"This is an instance of justice tempered with mercy. I am glad that after all these arrangements for trial, Government have seen fit to do the right thing by themselves."

There was jubilation at the I.N.A. Relief Office, Calcutta, where a number of I.N.A. officers and men were present, when the news of the release of the three officers was conveyed to them. They said that it was their first victory in India. It was not British generosity that was responsible for their release, but the intense sympathy that the aims and ideals of the I.N.A. had aroused amongst all sections of the Indian people."

SHANKARRAO DEO'S REACTION

POONA, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—" I am glad that Capt. Shah Nawaz Capt. Sehgal and Lt. Dhillon have been released," said Mr. Shankarrao Deo, Member, Congress Working Committee, smiling when informed of their release.

PROCESSION TO CELEBRATE RELEASE OF I.N.A. OFFICERS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

To celebrate the happy news of the release of the three I.N.A. officers some members of the Bombay National Guards organised a procession at 8-30 p.m. on Thursday, starting at Cawasjee Patel Street, Fort, with a small number of procession terminated at Bora Bozar Street corner with hundreds of people joining with all their enthusiasm. They marched through several streets with popular I.N.A. slogans and soon attracted the attention of the public who were ignorant of this joyful news till then.

DHILLON MEETS HIS WIFE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—Soon after release, Dhillon rushed off to meet his wife, who had not heard the good news yet. Every day during the trial she had ridden to the Red Fort on a bicycle and had occupied the same seat among the spectators, frequently exchanging a smile or a wave of the hand with her husband as he sat before the Court or was leaving the court room during the lunch interval or at the end of the day's sitting. Now for the first time they met outside the Fort.

THEY REACH LAHORE TOMORROW

LAHORE, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—Captains Shah Nawaz Khan, Captain Prem Kumar Sehgal and Lieut. Gurbakh Singh Dhillon who have been set free are reaching Lahore on the morning of Saturday, January 5, learns the Associated Press of India. Captain Sehgal spoke to his father Mr. Justice Achhru Ram on telephone.

A stream of visitors is continuing to call on Mr. Justice Achhru Ram.

UDAIPUR PURSES FOR I.N.A. RELIEF

UDAIPUR, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—Last night students of the M. B. College Udaipur, presented a purse of Rs. 1,001 to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru for the relief of I.N.A.

The Reception Committee of the Seventh Session of the All-India States Peoples Conference also presented a purse of the same amount.

Besides, small donations were received by Pandit Nehru.

BIG ROUND UP IN PALESTINE

Mobile Police Detain Nine Hundred Persons

JERUSALEM, Jan. 3. (Reuter): It was officially stated here today that up to midnight last night Palestine mobile police had detained 900 people in their day-long roundup yesterday in the Jaffa Road area, Jerusalem's main street.

Palestine police, continuing their search of Central Jerusalem, to-day questioned 200 more persons, of whom they detained six. Police have kept up a constant search in Jerusalem following attacks on the police headquarters in Jerusalem and Jaffa and on the Telaviv arms depot, responsibility for which is claimed in a poster "Communique" by the illegal Jewish national military organisation, the "Irgunzvai Leumi".

JEWISH STRATEGY

Grenades, mines and machine-guns were used by "the fighters for the freedom of Israel" in attacks on the police and military, the "Communique" said:

The "Communique" stated that Irgun "soldiers" took up strategic positions opposite the main police barracks in Jerusalem and opposite the Allenby Military Barracks to prevent police and military reinforcements from reaching the main body of the attackers who were blowing up the C. I. D. buildings in the centre of the city. It added that the attackers tried to spare lives.

In the attacks nine people were killed including a British Assistant Superintendent of Police, two British constables and a British soldier. The front of the Jerusalem C. I. D. Headquarters was blown up by men armed with tommyguns.

The police headquarters in Jaffa and an arms depot in Telaviv were also attacked.

SUPPORT TO BOYCOTT

The Palestine Arab Higher Committee, the outcome of whose meeting to-day had been anxiously awaited by the whole country, decided to appeal to Palestine Arabs to boycott Jewish goods, in accordance with the recent decision of the Arab League, and appointed a committee to co-ordinate plans for enforcing the boycott with Palestine Arabs' Chambers of Commerce and commercial concerns.

The boycott is now officially in its third day but there is still little evidence of it in Palestine.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—The Delhi Rovers Cricket Club won the Jan Cricket Shield Tournament by defeating the Mamdot Club, Lahore, by one wicket.

Dutch Troops Clash With Indonesians

BATAVIA, Jan. 3. (Reuter): The brief period of calm which followed the Allied "clean up" drive in Batavia was shattered last night when heavy firing broke out between Dutch troops and Indonesians in Meester Cornelis district of the capital.

This morning it had flared up again in the suburban village of Pisangan Baroe.

The Indonesians declare that Dutch troops started shooting and that 500 lost their homes when Indonesian buildings were set on fire.

On the other hand, the Netherlands information service said today that the trouble was started by Indonesians.

The information service added that two Europeans, one of them a woman, and one Ambonese soldier were fired at, and wounded, by Indonesians on Wednesday morning while during the afternnon several Chinese were robbed by Indonesians.

Subsequently Dutch troops cleared a number of villages in the area, "during which operation several fires broke out".

The Dutch information service also reported outbreak of fires in the new clash this morning at Pisangan Baroe.

A 'communique' from Allied Headquarters today stated that the participants in the Meester Cornelis engagement were unknown.

BATAVIA CORDON LIFTED

The 'communique' said also that the military cordon thrown round Batavia while the Allied "clean up" was in progress has now been lifted.

When British and Indian troops raided police barracks near Buitenzorg, refugee collecting centre 30 miles south-east of Batavia, they discovered 70 prisoners including one Dutch woman, Netherlands sources reported today.

PREMIER'S CAR EPISODE

Reuter's special correspondent Noel Buckley, reported today that two British officers, a Brigadier and a Major foiled a third attempt by Dutch soldiers to seize the car of Dr. Sutan Sjahrir, Indonesian Prime Minister.

A Dutch officer and three soldiers called at Dr. Sjahrir's house to see him and his car.

They were having argument about the car license which they said was not valid when British officers arrived, took their names and sent them away.

EXCLUDE THE DUTCH

The fear that the position of the Dutch may be strengthened by their inclusion in the reorganised joint British-Dutch-Indonesian Police Force was expressed today by the Indonesian radical newspaper "Eaja". Warning its readers that they would have to wait and see if it was true that the British would not aid the Dutch to return to power, the paper said: "If British want smooth collaboration, they will have to exclude the Dutch.

DUTCH COURTS TO TRY THEM

By an order of Lt.-Gen. Sir Philip Christison, Supreme Allied Commander in Java, persons guilty of offences against Allied military administration in the area of Java and the adjoining islands of Bali, Madura and Lombok will be tried before Dutch military courts consisting of the Dutch president and members "one or more of whom may be suitably qualified Indonesians", The Netherlands news agency announced today.

The Dutch courts which have been set up form an integral part of Allied Administration. Sentences exceeding two years imprisonment are subject to the approval of the Commander-in-Chief, Allied Land Forces, and death penalty, to that of the Supreme Allied Commander in Java.

INDIA GOVT'S BIG HOUSING PLAN

BOMBAY, Jan. 3. (A.P.I.): A giant scheme to build two million houses spread in the industrial and rural areas in India in the next ten years has been drawn up by the Government of India and the scheme is presently under examination of the Finance Department.

This will form one of the important items on the post-war reconstruction plan of the Government of India. It is expected Government will create a department called National Housing Agency to work out the scheme. A housing expert will be in charge of the newly constituted department and the department will have full powers to deal with the housing problem effectively and promptly.

It is learnt, the Labour Department of the Government India has expressed readiness to supply the entire technical personnel required for the scheme as also the necessary material.

The Government are also stated to be willing to advance by way of subsidies and grants to the ture of 50 per cent, the cost of constructng these houses.

HORTHY RELEASED

NUREMBURG, Jan. 3, (A.P.A.): Nicholas Horthy, former Regent of Hungary, has been released from the Nuremburg jail and may figure as a possible prosecution witness in the Nazi war crimes trial, it was learned last night.

An official said it could be assumed that Horthy was at liberty for there were no charges listed against him. He made an unpublicised exit on December 18, 1945, after being in protective custody for more than a month.

The aged former admiral without a navy and regent of a kingdom without a king was arrested in November, 1945 by American authorities from an estate near Munich, which the Hitler Government placed at his disposal while he was "prisoner" in 1944. He was first locked in the "criminals wing" of the Nuremburg cell house and later moved to the "witnesses wing".

Captured German documents filed in connection with the case of Nazi aggression against Czechoslovakia quoted Horthy as bartering Hungary's support for Hitler in return for Slovakian territory in 1938 and 1939.

"HINDU" DEMANDS UNIMPEDED PLAY OF NATURAL FORCES

Asks S. O. S. Not To Belabour 'Practical Difficulties' Like Tories

MADRAS, Jan. 3. (A.P.I.): Commenting on Secretary of State's broadcast to India, The Hindu says:—It is all very well for Lord Pethick-Lawrence to say "There is no longer any need for denunciations and organised pressing to secure this end—India's rise to full and free status of an equal partner in the British Commonwealth". But he is no less assiduous than the Tory Government in labouring the 'practical difficulties' which he asks India to support.

The paper adds: Britain has said that she wishes to relinquish control, and that she is only anxious that the control should pass into strong and capable hands. That is a matter really for Indian people to worry about. Her only duty is to provide constitutional machinery that would enable the national will to be ascertained. It will not do for her to put spokes in the wheel by imposing conditions and reservations that would in fact militate against a free agreement which is bound to come if the resolution of the political problem is left to the unimpeded play of natural forces.

The "Indian Express" says:—The Secretary of State has "Taken full note of the Indian reaction to the last Commons' debate dealing with the choice of the delegation to India. His assumption that denunciation of the broadcast mentioning the hopes of India rising to the full and free status of an equal partner in the commonwealth implies that India is to be a single dominion entitled to the privilege of seceding from the British Commonwealth. It appears reassuring, though it misses the major point as to the full untrammelled independence for which India is asking.

LABOUR SITUATION IN U. S. TAKES TURN FOR WORSE

Union Officials Not Interested In Presidential Fact Finding Board

NEW YORK, Jan. 2, (Reuter): The United States Government, management and labour officials are making renewed efforts to solve the industries strikes to make idle 2,000,00, workers by mid-January.

The strikes affect the electrical, manufacturing, telephone, teleghaph, steel, meat-packing and automobile industries.

The labour situation took a turn for the worse today when a call to strike on January 16 went out to 200,000 members of the "United packing house workers of America."

Union employees are asking for a 25 cents an hour increase, which has already been turned down by large packing firms. If the strike threat materialises, nation-wide meat supplies will be endangered.

Union officials in Chicago have said that they are not interested in the Presidential fact-finding board, and added that unless the companies yielded to the wage demands, a walkout is inevitable.

Already 386,000 men are idle in the United States, and other strikes are threatened.

Shingara Singh's Plea For Interim Injunction

Dr. Katju Quotes Privy Council Remarks And Questions Validity Of Viceroy's Ordinance Amending Army Act

NEW DELHI, Jan. 3 (API):—The Sub-Judge of Delhi, Sardar Attaullah, to-day heard the application filed on behalf of Subedar Shingara Singh and Jemadar Fateh Khan, praying for an interim injunction against their trial by the Third I.N.A. Court-Martial, presided over by Brigadier O'Callaghan.

It will be recalled that on December 22, Sardar Attaullah after hearing Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, passed an order directing the Court Martial not to proceed with the trial till the hearing of the application to-day.

The Court was packed to capacity, and many had to stand in the corridors Among those present were Lt.-Col. Standing, Judge-Advocate in the Third Court Martial and Maj. Green, the Military Prosecutor. Mr. Carden Noad appeared for the defendants (Court Martial) and Dr. K. N. Katju for the petitioners.

Mr. Noad pressed that the temporary injunction should not be confirmed and that the same be quashed. The petition, he said, should be dismissed with costs.

Mr. Noad argued that the suit was not maintainable for want of notice under Sec. 80 of the Civil Procedure Code. The suit was also bad for want of sanction of the Governor-General under Sec. 270 (1) of the Government of India Act, 1935, protecting public servants.

The trial of the suit was also barred under Secs 4 and 9 of the Civil Procedure Code.

"The plaintiffs", said Mr. Noad, "have no good 'prima facie' case and the suit will fail by virtue of apparent defects. The issue of temporary injunction is governed by the same principles as the grant of a permanent one, and Sec. 56 of the Specific Relief Act forbids the issue of injunction prayed for by the accused.

Mr. Noad said that it was wrong to say that the plaintiffs were not subject to the Indian Army Act, and that ordinance 42 of 1945 was null and void. The defendants, Mr. Noad maintained, were acting in lawful exercise of the right vested in them, and this argument could not furnish any ground for granting an injunction restraining them from exercising that right. Sec. 124 (3) of the Indian Army Act required that charges against every person taken into military custody should, without any unnecessary delay, be investigated by proper military authority, and as soon as might be, either proceedings should be taken for punishing the offence or such persons should be discharged from custody. Staying of the trial was not warranted by express provision of law, Mr. Noad added.

Mr. Noad argued that an interim injunction should not be granted on the ground that the defendants would be no worse off for it, or on the ground that the suit would otherwise become infructuous. To grant an injunction on these grounds would not be proper exercise of judicial discretion, he said.

He quoted rulings by the Privy Council, by the Federal Court of India and various Indian High Courts in support of his argument. The Lahore High Court, Mr. Noad said, had laid down that the members of a Court Martial were the sole judge of both law and fact. "The plaintiffs in this case," said Mr. Noad, "say that this court is the judge of law. In my view, this court should not interfere with the proceedings of the Court-Martial. If the Lahore High Court could not interfere, how can your honour interfere?"

DR. KATJU'S ARGUMENTS

Dr. Katju said: "With most of the arguments which have been advanced by Mr. Noad I respectfully agree on the ground that they are wholly irrelevant. The basic question is 'has this Court-Martial jurisdiction to try the case.' If you are satisfied that the Governor-General's ordinance amending Sec. 67 of the Indian Army Act is 'ultra vires', the Court-Martial would be in the same position as what the Privy Council said in a similar case in 1935, 'a private person who took upon himself to conduct a trial of the appellants and to sentence them to imprisonment without any authority at all.'

The validity of the ordinance, said Dr. Katju, had got to be decided by some competent tribunal. He hoped that Mr. Noad would not contend that the sole tribunal to decide this was seven military officers sitting together as members of a Court-Martial.

It was essential in the interests of justice, said Dr. Katju, that before the question was decided finally, the 'status quo' should be maintained and, hence, he prayed for an interim injunction. The question whether or not a permanent injunction would be granted did not arise at this stage.

Dr. Katju submitted that the Court-Martial was subordinate to the Civil Court.

QUESTION OF ALLEGIANCE

Proceeding Dr. Katju said that the question of allegiance to the King might have to be argued in the case. This was most important not only to Indians but all people in the same position as Indians. The question might arise whether a native Indian subject of the King continued to be a native Indian subject whether he liked or not, whether he could ever say, 'I shall not be a native Indian subject of the King of Britain. I shall either become, like the nomad or wandering gypsy, a man owing allegiance to nobody, or I will set up a state or my own and fight for the liberation of my country.'

Dr. Katju filed a booklet containing Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's address to the First I.N.A. Court Martial, in which he had argued the question of allegiance with reference to International Law.

The Court adjourned till to-morrow morning when Mr. Noad will reply to Dr. Katju's arguments.

SHINGARA SINGH'S PLAINT

The plaint filed on behalf of Subedar Shingara Singh and Jemadar Fateh Khan prayed that the convening officer and the president and individually restrained by a permanent injunction from exercising any authority as a Court-Martial over the plaintiffs in respect of all or any of the charges against them; that pending final decision an interim injunction be issued: and that costs of the suit be awarded to the plaintiffs.

The plaintiffs submitted that the Governor-General's Ordinance amending Sec. 67 of the Indian Army Act was void as he could only legislate by ordinance with prospective effect in respect of offences committed after the promulgation of such ordinance. They also submitted that the ordinance was 'ultra vires' because it did not fulfil the condition laid down under Sec. 72 of the Government of India Act (under which the ordinance was issued) in that there was no emergency of any kind nor did the peace and good government of India require the promulgation of the ordinance in the slightest degree.

The defendants had also not complied with the mandatory provisions of Sec. 196 of the Cr. P. C. requiring prior sanction of the Central or Provincial Government for the institution of proceedings.

'SURRENDER ABSOLVED THEM FROM OATH'

The plaint submitted that "in the circumstances attendant upon the surrender of the plaintiffs to the Japanese, they ceased to be members of the Indian Army and were absolved from their oath or obligation which, they had taken on their enrolment. Soon after their surrender, there was a rapid collapse of the British power in the Far East and over two million Indian residents found themselves completely defenceless and unprotected and without any security to their life, property and honour.

They were entirely at the mercy of the Japanese and the local population. All these Indians, under the pressure of compelling necessity and upsurging of a desire for Indian national unity, commenced to organise themselves into a National State and a very large number of Indian Independence Leagues were established throughout Malaya and Burma and elsewhere. As part of this national organisation, the Indian National Army was formed in which Indian civilians and Indian soldiers who had been asked to surrender to the Japanese volunteers to serve. This I. N. A. was formed to afford protection and security to the Indian population in the Far East, and later to endeavour, to secure the freedom of India.

On the victory of the Allies the plaintiffs were "captured as 'pows' of the I.N.A."

Ranji Trophy

DELHI TO MEET SOUTHERN PUNJAB

NEW DELHI, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.)—The second round of the Ranji Trophy match North Zone will be played at Patiala from 10th to 13th January where Delhi and District will meet the Southern Punjab.

The Delhi and District team will be selected from the following fifteen players: Mr. A. S. De Mello (Captain), Suraj Narain, M. M. Idris Beg, Ejaz Ahmed, A. Rauf Khan, Mohd. Yunis, Salim, Turab Ali, Salahuddin, Shujauddin, Prem Nath, Akhtar Hasan, Laxmi Narain, J. Sen, Gurbax Singh.

Denis Compton will not play for Delhi as he has already agreed to play for the Europeans in the Pentangular Tournament in Bombay.

Forty Killed In Police Firing

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 3 (A.P.A.) At least forty persons were reported killed and many others injured when police at the industrial town of Leon, in Central Mexico fired into a crowd of twelve thousand people which had gathered to protest against the outcome of a municipal election.

Coming With A New Year Smile

The Bombay Chronicle Weekly.

Th. ..dian 'Mutiny' of 1857 'The death throes of an Epoch' Chronicled by Asoka Mehta.

'Secrets Of The Kremlin' From the pen of Lance Colam; one of the few Englishmen who has been allowed to tour it.

'Lo.. Is A Mug's Game' Short story by Thomas Bra served with a lemon.

What is Geopolitics? Read it, for it is smart to be Geopolitical.

Louis Fischer, Delhi Letter Features, Photos and th latest news.

B. C. Weekly January 6

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Cough is not to be trifled with. You may not know what causes it, and it may lead to complications, such as pneumonia, bronchitis, consumption.

So don't be caught napping when cough appears. Take Kaspho Cough-Cure Tablets at once. Kaspho is so soothing to the irritated and inflamed membranes. And it goes right to the cause of the cough and roots it out altogether. Kaspho is made from Vasaka and other potent ingredients—which make it such a remarkable cough cure.

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COUGH-CURE TABLETS

Take this bottle with you in purse or pocket.

AYURVEDASHRAM PHARMACY LTD., AHMEDNAGAR.

Michael O'Shea and Sonja Henie in "It's A Pleasure."

*

Excelsior (3rd Week)
"ONE THOUSAND AND ONE NIGHTS" (Columbia).
Stars: Cornel Wilde, Evelyn Keyes, Adele Jergins.

Here is the well-known Arabian Nights' fantasy of Alladin and his magic lamp a la Hollywood. Cornel Wilde makes a very handsome beggar-boy, Evelyn Keyes a delightfully mischievous genie, and Adele Jergins a lovely princess.

A film for lovers of spectacle and escapism.

*

Metro (3rd Week)
"THRILL OF A ROMANCE" (M.G.M.)
Stars: Van Johnson, Esther Williams and Melchior.

This musical is chiefly notable for being the film debut of Melchior the famous Continental Metropolitan star. The plot, which has Esther Williams and Van Johnson in the leading roles, is but a slender peg on which hangs the musical fare which includes Tommy Dorsey and his orchestra.

Technicolor brightens this picture which is worth seeing owing to the presence of Melchior in the cast.

FORT FREE NIGHT HIGH SCHOOL

Retiring Principal's Devoted Services Eulogised

The staff and students, past and present, of the Bombay Fort Free Night High School mustered strong in the Cama Oriental Institute Hall on Tuesday evening to bid farewell to Mr. B. P. Koolurker, retiring principal of the School. Mr. K. S. Ramchandra Iyer presided on the occasion.

Farewell addresses by the staff and students were presented to Mr. Koolurker in which it was pointed out how under his fostering care the institution which had been a more primary institution in the beginning had

Mr. B. P. Koolurker

risen to become a full-fledged night high school, with nearly 750 students on its roll. Mr. Koolurkar has devoted the best part of his life, extending over some 27 years to the school. Education is imparted entirely free to the students without distinction of caste or creed. The school has 32 teachers on its staff who are all working in a spirit of self-sacrifice. The vast majority of the students belong to the poorer classes who eke out a living by working in more or less humble positions in various offices in Fort at day time. The school has no permanent funds of its own and is maintained entirely by public donations and municipal Government and other grants, which barely suffice to defray the growing expenditure.

A number of speakers including Messrs. R. K. Prabhu, A. P. Kirodian and K. G. Vaidyanathan, addressed the gathering dwelling on the unique spirit of self-sacrifice, energy organising ability and single-minded devotion shown by Mr. Koolurkar in building up the school and on the sorrow felt at his retirement. A hope was expressed that the school would be raised soon to the status of a college and that it would have the honour of being the first night high school to be established in Bombay. A purse of Rs. 501 together with a watch and other tokens of appreciation costing a like amount were presented to Mr. Koolurkar by the staff and students.

Mr. Koolurkar, in replying to the speeches, said that the real credit in connection with the school was due to the trustees of the Kabibai High School who generously allowed the premises to be used at night by the Free Night High School to the trustees of the latter school like Seth M. C. Matani, Sir B. N. Karanjia, Mr. B. A. Thorstenson, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhat, Mrs. Munshi and others who not only generously helped the school financially but also collected funds for it out of love for the institution and to the staff of the school, who served it in a spirit of patriotism and self-sacrifice. He assured the students that he would continue to take interest in the welfare of the institution and expressed the earnest hope that before long the school would have the honour to become a night college. He donated the purse of Rs. 501 given to him to the school with a request that the interest of the amount be utilised for prizes to poor students.

In his presidential remarks Mr. Iyer said he was happy to be associated with the evening's function and with the tributes paid to Mr. Koolurkar's unique services to the school. He exhorted the students to draw inspiration from the example set by their retiring principal and to labour for the welfare of their alma mater unceasingly. Mr. Iyer gave a donation of Rs. 101 to the school funds.

Seth Matani in proposing a vote of thanks to the chair said that he was attracted to the school because it was an institution meant for the poor and it was being carried on by the principal and his colleagues in a true spirit of service to the poor.

SHOW WORLD

Once again, this week, our local cinema managements have reverted to their erstwhile practice of keeping on old releases on their bills. No less than five picture-houses will be showing repeat films, simultaneously, in the course of the next seven days. There is but one new picture in the entire list.

As I have said, time and again, in these columns, Bombay's floating population, particularly of servicemen, makes it easy for even a mediocre film to click these days. Hence box-office returns are no indication whatever of the merits of a picture.

The policy of paying homage to box-office Moloch serves to curtain the round of entertainment of Bombay's permanent picture-going public, and it betrays the indifference of our managements to their duty to serve the needs of their regular patrons.

It would be understandable and tolerable if one or even two new films were repeated in the same week, but when five out of six of our main picture-houses decide to continue their old films, the time seems to be ripe to cry halt.

Our managements should learn to co-operate with one another and to arrange their releases with more consideration of their patrons than they have shown during the war years.

—SARDI.

Story Of Atomic Research

At
The Eros

"THE HOUSE ON 92ND STREET"
Stars: William Eythe, Lloyd Nolan and Signe Hasso.
Director: Henry Hathaway.

This picture sets out to tell the story of atomic research and how the discovery of the bomb was jealously guarded from prying eyes and ears.

William Eythe enacts the role of a German-American trained thoroughly in Nazi espionage methods in Germany. He returns to America on a spying mission chiefly calculated to discover the secret of the dread bomb. His guest takes him to a house on 92nd Street where he meets a fellow-spy played by Signe Hasso, who is the member of a spy gang. An inspector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation discovers the secret ring and breaks it with the very assistance of the young German-American.

This film, besides being topical, glorifies the courage and perseverance of America's F.B.I. The nature of the film story naturally lends it great much suspense.

Lloyd Nolas in "The House On 92nd Street".

SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

METRO—10 a.m.: "Keeper Of The Flame"—Katharine Hepburn, Spencer Tracy.

PALACE—10-30 a.m.: "This Above All"—Joan Fontaine, Tyronne Power.

EROS—10 a.m.: "Sunday Dinner For A Soldier"—Anne Baxter, John Hodiak.

TATAS' PROLIFIC RESEARCH IN ALLOY STEELS

Jamshedpur Works Manager Surveys Company's Contribution To Indian's Industrialisation

BANGALORE, Jan. 3 (A.P.I.): The big strides made by the Indian steel industry were described by Mr. P. H. Kutar, works superintendent of the Tata Steel works at Jamshedpur, in his presidential address to the engineering and metallurgy section of the Indian Science Congress here today.

Mr. Kutar said before the war the Indian steel industry had confined itself to the manufacture of ordinary plain carbon steel chiefly for structural materials for home consumption and rails for the requirements of the Indian railways. The manufacture of high-quality alloy and tool steels was practically non-existent, excepting small scale attempts by some steel makers for their own works requirements.

It was the construction of the new Howrah Bridge that gave the necessary impetus to the Indian steel industry to embark on the manufacture of a suitable alloy-structural steel.

The Tatas immediately produced 'Tiscrom'; which is a low-alloy high-tensile structural steel. About 17,000 tons of this steel was used in the construction of the new Howrah Bridge.

ANOTHER ALLOY

With the advent of the low-alloy high-tensile steel began the development of another alloy steel 'Tiscor', which is particularly resistant to corrosion and abrasion, and is of a sufficiently higher yield strength to enable rail-road engineers to design railway cars, trucks, etc.

The first real opportunity for making alloy steels in bulk presented itself in 1940, when the Tatas were called upon to make armour plates. Having no prior experience in the manufacture and production of such a class of ordnance steel, the work undertaken had to start practically from scratch without any outside help. Intensive research was undertaken as a result of which first-class bullet-proof armour plates were developed. These have been tested and found to be as good if not better than those made in other countries. The armoured cars built in India with these plates, did magnificent service in the Eighth Army's forward drive in North Africa.

OTHER WAR MATERIALS

Although the greater portion of the tonnage of alloy steels manufactured in India during the war was for armour plates, attention was also paid to other ordnance requirements. While alloy steel shell bars, special quality welding rods for the welding of bullet-proof plates, forgings for armaments and alloy bar stock for the production of armour-piercing projectiles were produced, those for the manufacture of parachute harness, non-magnetic bullet-proofsteel for helmets, etc. were likewise successfully manufactured and supplied as and when the need arose.

Inspite of the many pressing demands of war, the manufacture of alloy and special steels for civilian needs was not lost sight of. For instance, during the war there was a shortage of small coins. The Government had, therefore, to plan a general expansion of the production capacities of the mint. Enough steel for mint dyes for coinage was not available. Once again Indian ingenuity and research helped in the production of the necessary dye steel to ease the situation.

The Posts and Telegraphs Department of the Government of India in their turn felt the acute shortage of imported magnet bars needed for telephone and telegraphic sets. To meet this urgent demand, research on permanent magnets was undertaken and several types of magnet steels were produced and supplied, which helped to avert a breakdown in our country's communications.

STAINLESS STEELS.

Then came the manufacture of stainless steels for cutlery, surgical instruments, and equipments for chemical and engineering industries. A further achievement has been the production of high-speed steels. Without these steels naturally the sinews of war in the form of guns and ammunitions could not have been turned out. If it had not been possible to supply this steel at a time when it was most needed in the country, much of the industrial war-machine would have been at a standstill.

The difficulties in the production of these steels were many: equipment had to be improvised and manufacture had to be carried out in plants not fully equipped for the purpose. It was indeed a challenge to Indian metallurgists and technicians, to develop the country's war potential to the maximum in the face of heavy odds. India accepted this challenge and showed what determination, application and resourcefulness could accomplish.

The steel industry in India to-day is, therefore, in a definitely better position to meet our future needs of alloy steels—needs which will only grow with the tempo of industrialization of this great continent.

Cornel Wilde and his leading lady in "One Thousand And One Nights."

*

New Empire (2nd Week)
"IT'S A PLEASURE" (R.K.O. Radio).
Stars: Michael O'Shea, Sonja Henie.

A starring vehicle for Sonja Henie, this picture brings her back to us as a skating instructress who joins an ice show and falls in love with a hockey champion whom she marries, and gets into the show. Complications ensue as a result of the wife of the proprietor of the showing cultivating an infatuation for the husky hockey player.

There is much in this film to delight lovers of skating.

*

Regal (2nd Week)
"DUFFY'S TAVERN" (Paramount)
All-star cast.

Paramount has lined up an imposing list of its stars on a celluloid parade whose appeal rests mainly on the big names it contains.

Alan Ladd, Brian Donlevy, Paulette Goddard, Arturode Cordova, Dorothy Lamour, Veroncia Lake and Sonny Tufts appear in brief sketches.

Star-crazy fans will revel in this film which presents such a galaxy to please their senses.

PROMINENT BARODA WORKER DEAD

BARODA, Jan. 3 (API): Seth Ahmed Mohamad Patel, a prominent worker of the Baroda State Praja Mandal, died at Kosamba on Monday last according to information received here. Seth Ahmed was until recently a member of the Baroda State Assembly and was seeking election to the State Assembly from the Co-operative Societies Constituency in the coming elections. He was a pioneer in village uplift work and had contributed liberally to the Kosamba village uplift work centre.

Praja Mandal's Victory

BARODA: Six Praja Mandal candidates have been elected uncontested to the State Legislative Assembly. They are Messrs. Vadilal J. Modi of Navsari, Manilal J. Patel of Chanashma, Purshottam R. Patel of Kadi, Manilal Dhulabhai Patel of Kalol, Chhotubhai Vanmalidas Patel of Kamrej and Ranchhodji Jinabhai of Kamreh.

LEAGUE NOMINATIONS

Great Discontent In Broach

BROACH, Jan. 2

Muslims of Broach District are greatly perturbed on having the decision of Bombay Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board regarding the two seats of Bombay Legislative Assembly of Broach District. Miyanbhais and Molesalam Garasiyas who have 8,000 and 6,000 votes in Bombay Legislative Assembly Constituency of Broach District, openly declare that their interests are badly let down. The Board has rejected the applications of Mr. Imamkhan Noorkhan, ex-President of Broach Municipality and of Thakore Sahib of Amod. Miyanbhais and Molesalam Garashiyas are not going to swallow this gross injustice silently. They are planning to put up independent candidates. The rejected candidates have made appeals to Central Parliamentary Board.

PENDING PASSAGE FACILITIES

Concessions To Selected Candidates

Concessions to students selected for technical training abroad during 1945-46 but for whom it is not possible to obtain places or secure steamer passages before the end of that year are announced by the Governor of Bombay. The concessions apply to candidates wholly or partly sponsored by the Government of Bombay who have already been selected, and will be granted as from October 1, 1945.

Candidates in Government service who have resigned their posts will be allowed to rejoin them or if this is not possible they will be given an "ad hoc" allowance based on a candidate's pay for the six months prior to his resignation, but in any case not exceeding Rs. 500 a month.

In the case of candidates who have resigned from private employment, the amount of the concession to be granted will be decided after enquiry has been made from the candidate's last employers as to the pay drawn by him during the six months prior to his resignation and after obtaining from the candidate a certificate that he is not in service during the period for which the concession is paid. In any case, the maximum concession will be Rs. 500 a month.

The claims of candidates who have held no employment prior to their selection for traning will be considered on their merits but in these cases the concession will be limited to a maximum of Rs. 100 a month.

It will be a condition to the grant of these allowances that those selected should be willing to be sent for training in any special institution if it is possible to arrange it.

Battle Against Rice Scarcity

MADRAS, Jan. 3. (APA): The Madras Government is battling with nature to overcome the current year's rice deficit and cut it by at least a lakh of tons. They have today "regretfully decided" that water supply for generating power at Mettur Power House should be stopped for continuing supply for irrigation from the reservoir.

Mettur reservoir supplies water to Tanjore district rice fields.

The Government are also popularising among weavers use of tamarind seed powder as substitute for rice starch and thus effect a further saving in foodgrains including rice.

BOMBAY RACES

WINTER MEETING—11th DAY
SATURDAY, 5th JAN. 1946.

The Indian 2,000 Guineas 1945-1946, The Western India Cup

DAY TICKETS:
1st Enclosure
Gentlemen Rs. 3-0-0
Ladies " 2-0-0
2nd Enclosure " 1-4-0

SEASON TICKETS:
(Excluding Hospital Day)
Gentlemen Rs. 50-0-0
Ladies " 25-0-0

One per cent. Tote Commission will be donated to the Victory Thanksgiving Fund from the racing public and the R.W.I.T.C. will contribute an equal amount from its funds.

All N.C.O.'s and men of H. M.'s and Allied Forces in uniform will be admitted at half rates to the Second Enclosure only.

RACING UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS

Don't Let Disease Strike First!

Build your resistance to respiratory ills

● When your body is in a weakened, rundown condition, you are easy prey to colds, infection and respiratory ills.

The regular use of Waterbury's Compound helps to fortify your system against disease—Nature's way—by building resistance.

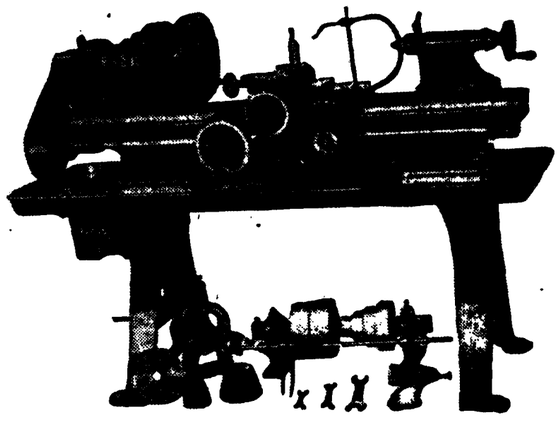
Waterbury's is a well-balanced tonic that stimulates appetite, builds energy and vitality—helps you keep the health you need to enjoy life. Start taking Waterbury's Compound today.

CREOSOTE
MALT
LIVER EXTRACTS
MINERALS
HERBS

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND
KEEPS YOU FIT!

Due to abnormal conditions, your regular dealer may be temporarily out of stock.

PRECISION LATHE for ACCURATE OPERATIONS



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Delhi	Brahmanbaria
Lucknow	Dibrugarh
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Dacca	Chittagong
Nawabpur	Jalpaiguri
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Mr. N. C. DATTA, M.L.C. (Bengal).

BOMBAY AGENT:—
Mr. N. BHATTACHARJEE.

CITY MARKETS

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Jan. 3.

The local cotton market opened today at Rs. 442 for March delivery and improved to Rs. 443/4 under small buying and reacted at Rs. 442/4.

Yesterday there was extensive short covering as the strength of ready cotton market suggests considerably higher prices on the belief that the crop is a small one Upcountry prices are firmed and there is scarcity of good cotton. But the forward market is hesitating over January tenders.

After the close of the market at 2 p.m. there was scattered selling and March declined to Rs. 440/4 but active support appeared and March improved to Rs. 441/12.

The market declined to Rs 441/8 but again steadied at Rs. 442/8. The market again quietened at Rs. 441/4. Trading was restricted and closing quotations at 2 p.m. were as under:—

I.C.C. January	425	12	0
I.C.C. March	441	0	0
I.C.C. May	451	12	0
I.C.C. July	462	8	0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 3.

The Bullion Market was steady today with further support. Daily arrivals being well below off-take the market is hardening under speculative activity. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 82/10 and advanced to Rs 83/2 and steadied at Rs 83. Forward Silver opened at Rs 135/4 and after declining, to Rs. 135 advanced to Rs. 135/8 and steadied at Rs 135/6. The market feeling was moderately bullish.

The market ruled very steady on moderate buying and closed as under:

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Gold	82	15	0
Forward Gold	82	11	0
Ready Silver 999	137	0	0
Forward Silver	135	12	0

BOMBAY PRODUCE

BOMBAY, Jan. 3.

No business was reported in Groundnuts as traders were not inclined to settle outstanding contracts at Rs. 19/4 and nominal quotation was Rs. 19/8. Castorseeds were quoted at Rs 17/6. Linseed ready Brown Bold was done at Rs. 21/4 and February-March Bombay delivery business was done at Rs. 21/6 and March-May contract was quoted at Rs. 21/5.

Indore Share Quotations

INDORE, Jan. 2.

Following today's closing quotations Indore Malwa 793, Hukumchand 995, Bhandari Mill 985, Vinod Mill 743, Kalyanwal 374, Kalyanmalpre 175, Rajkumar 276, Indore Bank 82.

Hapur Quotations

HAPUR, Jan. 3.

Wheat 10/4, Peas Ready 9/8, Old Khattis 7/7, Maize 7/2, Bapra 8, Stocks Wheat 150/-, Peas 32, Khattis Arhar 6/4, Old Khattis 7/7, Stocks 54, Khattis Steady Urad 13/5, Moong 10/, Gur 9/12, Gogery Powder 1, Arrivals 3,500 Mds. Steady Mustard-seed 11/-, Oil 32/-, Oil Cake 2/12, Banana Ready 55 to 58, Ghee 52/14, Kwar Mah 8, Basak 7/12/9, Silver 135/3, Gold 82/2, very steady on good mofusil support, Gwar unsteady on profit taking liquidation.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 28th day of December 1945.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	11,26,24,000
Notes in circulation	1210,88,52,000
Total Notes issued	1222,14,76,000
Total Liabilities	1222,14,76,000

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
(b) Held outside India	....
Sterling Securities	1105,32,89,000
Total of A	1149,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin	14,56,29,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,13,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	....
Total Assets	1222,14,76,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 94.076 per cent.

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India Banking Department as on the 28th December 1945.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	480,81,61,000
(2) Government of Burma	2,18,76,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	18,90,33,000
(b) Banks	76,27,72,000
(c) Others	15,18,32,000
Bills Payable	3,23,82,000
Other Liabilities	10,77,67,000
Total Rs.	617,38,23,000

ASSETS.	Rs.
Notes	11,26,24,000
Rupee Coin	42,50,000
Subsidary Coin	2,09,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	....
(b) External	....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	8,18,63,000
Balances held abroad*	562,32,86,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	43,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	78,00,000
Investments	25,38,94,000
Other Assets	8,55,98,000
Total Rs.	617,38,23,000

* Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

Limited Dealings On N. Y. Stock Exchange

LONG LIQUIDATION AND HEDGE SELLING IN COTTON

Professional Selling In Chicago Grains Market

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.

Wall Street opened irregular and quiet. Individual issues were buoyed by prospects of favourable earnings while many others were handicapped by the Labour-management strife. Dealings were very quiet and many issues were unchanged. Liquors declined more than four during the afternoon while other issues showed declines ranging up to two points towards the close. Tax selling by small investors as a result of more favourable income rates this year was the principal feature of the market, with the slump interpreted as a technical correction. Dealings were limited owing to the fact that many customers did not return from the lengthy week-end. The session closed easy.

American Telephone 190-1/8 (191), Amerex Corpn. 36-1/4 (36-1/4), Anaconda Copper 43-7/8 (44-1/4), Chase National 47 (47-1/8), Sinclair Oil 19-3/8 (19-1/2) Firestone Tyre 67-1/4 (67), General Electric 47 (47-1/2), General Motors 74 (75-3/8), Ingersol Rand 142 (145), International Nickel 36-3/4 (37-1/4), National City Bank 49-1/2 (49-5/8), New York Central 33-1/8 (33-1/4), Socony Vacuum Corpn 17 (17-1/4) Texas Corpn. 60-3/4 (60-3/4), Union Carbon 100-1/4 (101), U. S. Smelting 73-1/2 (75-1/4), U. S. Steel Corpn. 80-7/8 (80-7/8) Western Union Telegraph 51-3/8 (51-1/8).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York Cotton market opened barely steady on over holiday accumulation of hedges and liquidation which was mainly influenced by the commodity credit corporation's decision to sell 1,500,000 bales from official holdings which was announced on December 31. This development offset the effects of the higher mid-December parity price. The market later steadied on routine trade buying and scattered price-fixing but remained in a rather depressed mood and sagged again on renewal of selling. Discouraging news from the stock exchange increased burying caution, though the market was principally influenced by the move to sell some official holdings, with evident uncertainty as to the effects of such upon market prices because these are currently well above the official selling price. An unsteady tendency persisted to noon. During the afternoon there were additional losses due to large scale hedging operations and easiness of securities and grains and uncertainties in connection with the ultimate effects of the commodity credit corporation plan. Offerings met covering and trade buying and a sudden dry up of contracts. The session closed steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

Chicago grains: Despite additional purchases of upwards of 150,000 bushels of United States rye by the United Kingdom, prices sagged on commission house and professional selling influenced by the weakness of outside markets, expectations of increased farm marketings and prospects for improved transportation facilities.

May 1.80-1/2 bid (1.80-1/2 bid).
July 1.77-1/4 to 1.77-1/2 (1.79-1/2 to 1.79-1/2).
September 1.74-5/8 to 1.74-5/8 (1.76-3/4 to 1.76-7/8).

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 2.	
January	24.36—02
March	24.61—02
May	24.54—05
July	24.37—06
October	23.66—06
December	23.56—10
January	23.52—
Middling Spot	25.23—

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Jan. 2.	
March	24.58—03
May	24.55—03
July	24.36—10
October	23.65—07
December	23.55—
Middling Spot	24.35—

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

New York, Jan. 2.	
March	24.56
May	24.50
July	24.32

LONDON BULLION

London, Jan. 2.

Spot 44d. Forward 44d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan. 2.

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2, Madrid official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.45, Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 16.85, buyers 16.95.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Jan. 2.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new crop) unoffered, Australian Wheat (bulk) 6i quoted Jan. Feb. Australian Wheat (bags) unoffered.

U. S. A. TEXTILE MISSION TO JAPAN

NEW YORK, Jan. 2 (U.P.A.): Textile circles are eagerly awaiting the first report from the Textile Mission at present en route to Japan. The report is expected within sixty days, writes Mr. Arnold Brackman, United Press of America staff correspondent.

It is understood that the mission is not only expected to make an inventory of the equipment of the Japanese textile mills but also to work out plan to put Japanese industry back into production as soon as possible.

No machinery will be permitted to be imported to Japan unless it is absolutely essential.

It is emphasised that the restoration of Japanese production will not benefit Japan commercially since cotton textile production will be stressed rather than rayons.

Among the major problems which the mission will face is procuring sufficient quantities of raw cotton. It was pointed out that General Douglas MacArthur has already requested half a million tons of cotton for the first six months of 1946.

It is understood here that any plans and suggestions made by the Mission will cover 1946 and the first half of 1947 but no longer range solutions to the question or rehabilitation of Japanese textile industry will be undertaken at present.

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Jan. 2. (Reuter): The stock markets were cheerful with interest centred chiefly on South African Goldmines in which there was brisk enquiry which encouraged good local following, with some profit-taking at higher levels readily absorbed.

British funds also met fresh investment buying and upward trend was fairly general. Foreign bonds were rather quiet, apart from far eastern issues which were around half better, while Siam issues were firm on renewal of debt service.

Industrials were generally quiet, apart from some inquiry in store shares but breweries were out of favour and tobaccos lost some ground.

Internationals were quiet and little changed.

Calicut Quotations

CALICUT, Jan. 3.

Cocoanuts Raw 155, Dry 135, Cocoanut Oil 535, Copra Office 340, Dilpasand 350, Madras Nottam 340, Pepper Wynaad 410, Country 400, Dry Ginger Chernad 370, Ernad 360, Coffee Robusta 90.

HUGE RICE DEFICIT FEARED IN MADRAS

Unsatisfactory Seasonal Conditions Likely To Cause Shortage Of Eight Lakhs Of Tons

MADRAS, Jan. 2. (A.P.I.). A deficit of nearly eight lakhs of tons in rice consumers requirements in Madras Province is apprehended during the year as a result of unsatisfactory seasonal conditions in several rice producing districts.

If the requirements of Madras have to be adequately met, shipments of rice from Burma and Siam should be made freely. But the control of the grains produced in these countries is in the hands of the Allied command and the United Nations Food Allocation Board operating at Washington.

It is understood that the Food Department of the Government have been strenuously pressing the paramount need of India receiving necessary export allocations of rice, wheat and other food supplies from outside to make good the deficit in different provinces, and it is believed that they may even impress the services of an adviser to the Governor of a major province reputed for the knowledge and experience in agriculture and food to fly to Washington to press India's case by personal discussions.

MUSLIM STUDENTS LATHI-CHARGED

Staged Demonstration Against Congress Meeting In Patna

PATNA, Jan. 2, (A. P. I.): The police made a mild lathi charge to disperse a large gathering of Muslim students who raised Muslim League slogans in a demonstration staged against a public meeting organised by the Patna District Congress Committee and addressed by Nationalist Muslims in the Bankpore maidan this evening.

Two students are reported to have received minor injuries in the lathi charges by the police who cordoned off the venue. The meeting continued undisturbed after the demonstration had withdrawn.

PETTY, HIGH-HANDED AND UNIMAGINATIVE ORDERS

M.L.A. Regrets U. P. Govt.'s Attitude In Expelling Agriculture College Students

CAWNPORE, Jan. 2, (A.P.I.): Pandit Balkrishna Sharma, M.L.A. (Central), in a statement says:

Four of the students of the Government Agricultural College, Cawnpore, have been expelled from the college and fifteen of them have been fined. An apology form has been sent to these students who will have to sign it. I fail to understand the reason for this vindictiveness on the part of the U. P. Government. Students at Oxford and Cambridge have been known to behave with much greater indiscipline than what the students of the Agricultural College can ever dream of doing. And yet they are not expelled for their unrudly conduct.

The demand of the students that their College Union should be restored was quite reasonable. In order to get their demand fulfilled they went on strike. Now the U. P. Govt. have come out with the decision of expelling some and imposing fine on others and demanding apology from them.

Only an alien Government interested in crushing the spirit of youths can behave like this. I would only say that coming political developments will not permit such petty high-handed and unimaginative orders to go unchallenged. The gubernatorial orders cannot be allowed to spoil the lives of our youngmen and to break their spirits mercilessly. Today we are powerless to bring about the change in the situation but tomorrow is not far off.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF U.N.O. MEETS ON JAN. 10

LONDON, Jan. 3. (Reuter): Only one week before the delegates of the 51 nations assemble in the British capital for the first full meeting of the General Assembly of the United Nations Organisation the choice of a man for the key post of Secretary-General of the U. N. O. is still a very open question.

Although one of the first tasks of the Security Council to the General Assembly when it is set up in London, will be to recommend a suitable candidate, none of the delegations of the five permanent members of the Council—the United States, Russia, Britain, France and China—seems yet to have decided its candidate writes Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

Among possible American candidates, Gen. Dwyght Eisenhower has been mentioned. If he would be persuaded to accept the appointment he would probably be a strong favourite in Britain in view of his prestige and international experiences and in spite of the site of the U. N. O. being in the United States.

BRITISH FAVOURITES

British favourites are the former Foreign Minister Mr. Anthony Eden and the former Minister of Education Mr. Richard Law. The name of Sir John Anderson, Governor of Bengal ten years ago and now Chairman of the Advisory Committee on Atomic Energy, is also mentioned.

There seem to have been no proposals of Soviet or Chinese citizens, and the only French name canvassed—that of the socialist leader M. Leon Blum—has not been heard for some time.

From the smaller nations the Foreign Ministers of Belgium, Holland and Norway have all been suggested.

There is a considerable school of thought in London which favours drawing the Secretary-General from a country which is not a permanent member of the Security Council—such as India—and there may be some surprises in the list of candidates when it is finally produced.

Because of the complications of worldwide radio reporting no time has yet been fixed for the opening of the first full meeting of the Assembly, on January 10.

DR. ZULETA TO OPEN PROCEEDINGS

The proceedings will be opened by the Chief Delegate of Colombia, Dr. Zuleta. Then the British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee will welcome the delegates on behalf of Britain. According to some reports Mr. Attlee's speech is expected to be of special importance.

On January 9 King George will make one of his rare public speeches when he welcomes the delegates at the first state banquet held in Britain since the war. Owing to bomb damage to Buckingham Palace the banquet will take place at the nearby palace of Saint James.

U. S. NEVER DENIED ACCESS BY IRAN TO U. N. O.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3. (A.P.A.): A United States State Department spokesman said "the Department is not and has not been engaged in any efforts to keep Iran from placing its problems before the forthcoming United Nations Assembly sessions in London.

The spokesman added the Department was taking note of reports from London to the effect that the United States and Britain were trying to prevent Russian-Iranian difficulties coming before the Assembly meeting, which starts on January 10.

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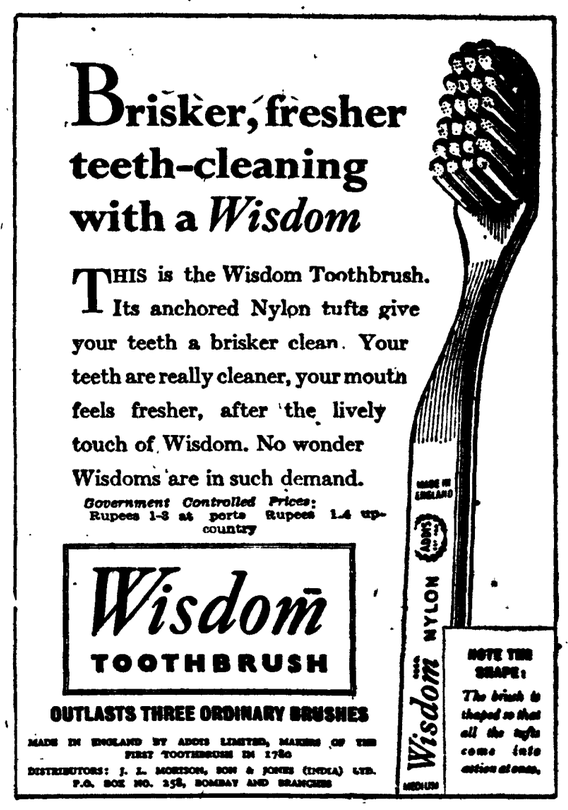
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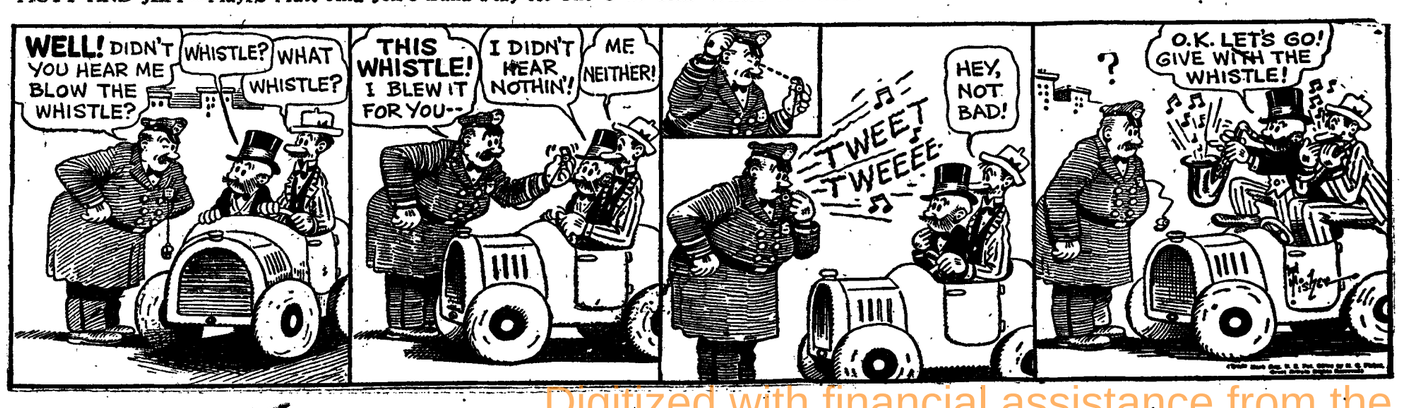
MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Mutt And Jeff's Band Play At The O wl Club Where It's Dark — By BUD FISHER



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PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER-G.I.P. Railway Bombay invites tenders upto 3 P.M. on 15-1-1946 for Cement Concreting of ramps and platforms at King's Circle station. The form of Tender, Schedule and Conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Plans for the Work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- being made. These sums will not be refunded. 6104

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

A PUBLIC MEETING of all the commercial organisations, under the auspices of THE FEDERATION OF BOMBAY RETAIL CLOTH DEALERS ASSOCIATIONS will be held on Saturday the 5th January 1946 at 5 p.m. at Jinnah Hall near Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road to voice the protest of all the trading communities of Bombay against the Proposed Sales Tax Bill, which is very reactionary, detrimental, humiliating and insulting to the interests of all the traders in the Province.

All concerned are cordially invited to attend this meeting in order to enter an emphatic protest.

R. N. SANGHAVI,
Hon. Managing Secretary,
Federation of Bombay
Retail Cloth Dealers Associations.
Office: 13, Bhang Wadi,
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2.
6101

LOSS OF BOMBAY PORT TRUST DEBENTURES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that two Bombay Port Trust Debentures as detailed below, originally standing in the name of The Bank of India, Ltd. and now standing in the names of Govindji Lakhamsi, Hansraj Dossa and Khimji Malsi, or any two of them by whom they have not been endorsed, have been recently stolen, lost or destroyed. Payment of the said Debentures and interest thereon has been stopped, and duplicate of the said Debentures will be issued to the proprietors upon the expiration of three years from the date hereof. The interest accruing due on the said Debentures will also be paid to the proprietors thereof. Any person having any claim to the said Debentures or to the interest due thereon of any nature whatsoever is hereby required to forthwith make known the same to the said Port Trustees at their office in Bombay. All claims made after the expiration of the said period of three years will be considered waived and of no effect.

Dated the 25th day of December, 1945.

(Sd.) HANSRAJ DOSSA,
(Sd.) KHIMJI MALSI,
Proprietors of the Lost Debentures.

Countersigned.
Ag. Chief Accountant, Bombay Port Trust.

Particulars of Bonds mentioned above:—

No.	Year of Loan	Value Rs.
13901	1914|60	5000|-
13902	1914|60	5000|-

(6094)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. REMTULLA VIRJI and Bai KHATIJABAI, wife of Mr. Remtulla Virji, both of Bombay Khoja Muslim Inhabitant have contracted to sell the undermertioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Fazalbhoy Building, Flora Fountain, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY all that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate, lying and being at Oshivra in South Salsette Taluka of Bombay Suburban District and the registration Sub-District of Bandra and bearing survey No. 14 Hissa No. 7 part fenced by a barbed wire fence (exclusive of the portion acquired by Parle-Andheri Municipality) together with hereditaments and premises and all other structures known as Arvi Glass Works, Jogeshwari and all the machinery furnaces, moulds and other paraphernalia of the said glass factory and together with a well situate thereon and containing by admeasurement 35½ Gunthas and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North by Municipal lands, on or towards the South by a road, on or towards the East by the Municipal lands and on or towards the West by the property of John Baptist Czeado. This property is outside the municipal limits of Parle-Andheri Municipality.

SECONDLY all that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Oshivra in South Salsette Taluka of Bombay Suburban District and the registration Sub-district of Bandra and containing by admeasurement 1960 square yards or thereabout together with the foundation and bearing following description in the records of the Collector, Bombay Suburban District.

Survey No.	Hissa No.
14	Part 6

and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the North by land bearing Survey No. 15 and Survey No. 14 Hissa No. 4 belonging to Goregaun Khot on or towards the South by the Municipal Road, on or towards the West by Ghodbunder Road and on or towards the East by land bearing Survey No. 14, Hissa No. 7.

Dated this 3rd day of Jan., 1946.

PEREIRA FAZALBHOY & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6106

PUBLIC NOTICES

WORKSHOP SWEEPINGS & COKE ASH.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purpose of Workshop Sweepings and Coke cinders from the Bombay Telephone Workshops; details may be obtained from the Manager, Bombay Telephone Workshops, Gell Street, Bombay 11. Tenders received after 12th January 1946 will not be considered. 6102

NOTICE.

PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that Mr. M. J. JACOB, previously of our Trichur Office has been DISMISSED from the service of the Bank of Cochin Ltd.

P. J. CYRIAC,
Manager.
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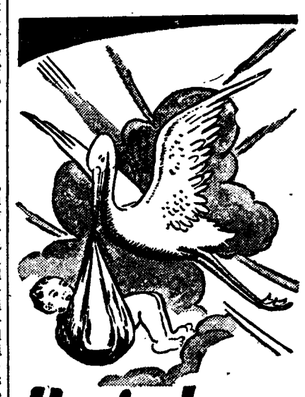

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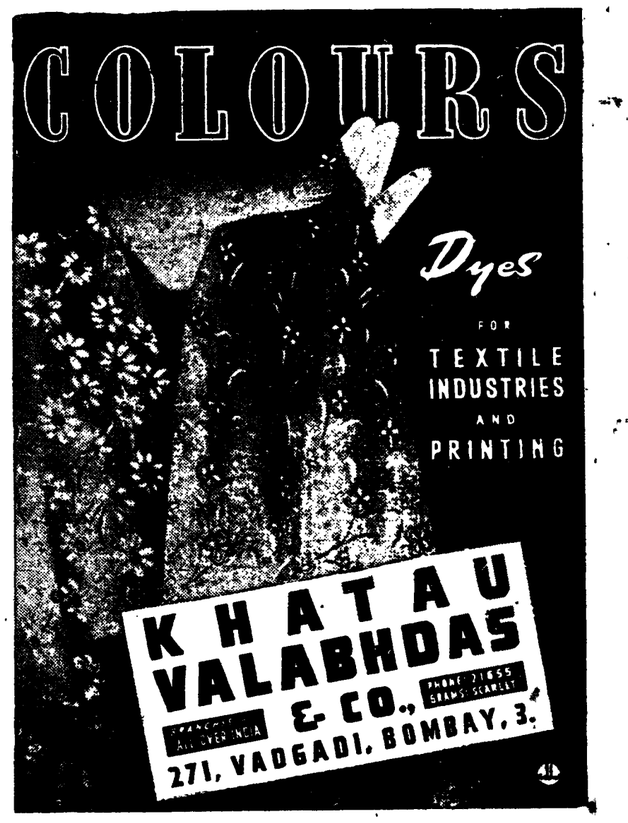

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